The Bombay Gazette.

No. 30,067—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1893.

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R.I. PESHAWUR	3877	800	J. F. Stephens	7th Oct.
† SIAM	3616	500	H. T. Weigheil	14th "
R.I. PENINSULAR	7018	1200	A. C. Loggin	21st "
† ASSAM	3260	500	T. F. Creery	28th "
R.I. HIMALAYA	3938	2000	J. Orman	4th Nov.
† SIAM	3045	700	H. T. Weigheil	11th "
R.I. ROME	5841	1200	A. B. Daniell	18th "
† CLYDE	4132	900	J. S. Pyott INR.	25th "
R.I. ORIENTAL	5015	1200	L. H. C. Moule	2nd Dec.
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R.I. CARTHAGE	7013	1000	M. de Horne	16th "

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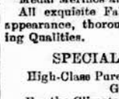

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Yenidje, Extra Flowers in ½ lb. tins, Rs. 6-0-0 per lb. Turkish in ½ lb. tins, Rs. 4-8-0 per lb.

ENGLISH CUT TOBACCO OF SUPERIOR QUALITY.

Smoker's Requisites of All Kinds.

ILLUSTRATED GENERAL PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

TH. VAFIADIS & CO.,
20, ESPLANADE ROAD, BOMBAY.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY, LD.,

FAMILY AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS.

BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT

TO H. E. LORD HARRIS.

THE Pharmacy Department in each of our several Establishments is under the supervision of qualified and experienced English Chemists, and great attention is given to Physicians' Prescriptions.

Importers of Drugs, Chemical and Surgical Instruments, Nursery and Sick-room Requisites of every Description.

HOSPITALS, DISPENSARIES, LABORATORIES, SCHOOLS, AND CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS supplied at Wholesale Rates.

BOMBAY:—Oriental Bank Buildings, and Byculla Bridge. } PHILLIPS & CO., LD., { POONA:—Temple House, Camp, & Bhoodwar Peth, City.

WINE AND GENERAL IMPORT MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

THACKER & CO., LTD.

BOMBAY

WE HAVE NOW THE HONOUR OF SUPPLYING OVER 100 MESSES AND CANTEENS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Your Crest correctly Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.
Before Engraving Dies of Crests and Monograms, a PENCIL SKETCH is forwarded FREE OF CHARGE, and sunk in Steel when approved of.

Your Monogram artistically Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.

STAMPING AND EMBOSSING
From Customers' own Dies, or from Dies already on hand.

ANY COLOUR.

PER 100 IMPRESSIONS	Annas	8
PER 1,000 ,, ...	Rs. 5	0

GOLD, SILVER, OR BRONZE.

PER 100 IMPRESSIONS	Rs. 2	0
PER 1,000 ,, ...	,, 17	0

GOLD AND COLOURS.

Charges according to amount of work.

VISITING CARDS.

100 GENTLEMEN'S CARDS, one line with Plate	Rs. 3 0
100 LADIES' CARDS, one line with Plate	,, 5 0

Other lines, such as Address and Club, charged Re. 1 per line extra.

THIS RATE IS FOR THICK OR THIN CARDS.

We prefer keeping Steel Dies and Card Plates on hand; we are then accountable for their preservation from rust, scratches, or loss.

To OFFICERS of the Royal Horse Artillery, Royal Artillery, Royal Engineers, Medical Staff, and Indian Medical Service.

SMALL QUANTITIES OF STATIONERY HEADED WITH ANY OF THESE CRESTS ARE ALWAYS ON HAND.
Large quantities can be executed within three or four days from receipt of order.

BALL PROGRAMMES.
A Large Variety in Stock and constant renewals of the latest Designs.
SEND FOR SAMPLES.

MENU CARDS,
Folding and Single, in upwards of 250 varieties of elegant design, plain and illuminated.
PATTERNS FREE.

REGIMENTAL CRESTS.—DIES OF ALL BRITISH AND NATIVE REGIMENTS ON HAND.
Estimates and Samples free.

RUBBER STAMPS
Of every description manufactured by a special process, and of a specially prepared Rubber to withstand the Climate

INVITATION CARDS.
Comprising Invitations to Dinners, at Home, Honorary Members, Marriage, Lawn Tennis, Dances.
WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

When orders for Crests, Monograms, Stationery, &c., are left to our own choosing they are carried out in perfect taste and without extravagant expenditure.

THACKER & CO., Limited, BOMBAY,
Booksellers, Publishers, Stationers,
ENGRAVERS, DIE SINKERS, RELIEF STAMPERS, COPPER-PLATE PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS.

LADIES' WATCHES.

AS a SOUVENIR there is nothing that a Lady appreciates better than a GENUINE GOOD WATCH. The better the class of Watch the longer will the Receiver have reason to remember the Donor. The main object, therefore, of a Souvenir can only have the fullest effect when the article presented is of unquestionable good manufacture. A so-called cheap Watch, or a substitute for a well-manufactured Watch, would vitiate entirely the idea and intentions that a Souvenir carries; and indeed, it is not fair to impose on the recipient by the presentation of a Watch of doubtful make, not only a great deal of trouble and inconvenience but the expense that keeping such a Watch in order would entail.

We guarantee that the PRESENTATION WATCHES offered by us will keep the most excellent time and wear well for

FIFTY YEARS

and longer if reasonable good care be taken of them, and if they are periodically overhauled by a practical Watchmaker once in two, or most, three years, after about which time a Watch invariably requires cleaning.

NICKEL SILVER WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 20 & Rs. 25.
Half-hunting ..... Rs. 30.

SILVER WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 35, Rs. 40. Rs. 45, & Rs. 60.
Hunting Cases ..... Rs. 40, Rs. 45, Rs. 50, & Rs. 65.
Half-hunting cases ..... Rs. 45, Rs. 50, Rs. 55, & Rs. 70.

GOLD WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 60, Rs. 85, Rs. 95, & Rs. 120.
Hunting Cases ..... Rs. 75, Rs. 110, Rs. 120, & Rs. 140.
Half-hunting Cases ..... Rs. 85, Rs. 100, Rs. 130, & Rs. 150.

GOLD REPEATER WATCHES—
Crystal Face ..... Rs. 500.
Hunting Case ..... Rs. 550.

CHATELAINE WATCHES—
Silver ..... From Rs. 70.
Gold ..... From Rs. 350.

LADIES' FANCY WATCHES—
We have a large family of fanciful disguises, beautifully jewelled in gold. For details we must refer you to our Watch Catalogue, to be had on application.

WRISTLET WATCHES—
With leather straps, the Watches in Silver and Gold first detailed may be worn. Wristlets in curb web-work, spring catch, and other fancy designs. Silver, from Rs. 50; Gold from Rs. 210.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

S. J. TELLERY & CO.,

MORI GATE, DELHI.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TOURISTS, CONNOISSEURS OF INDIAN ART, and the General Public are informed that our Business Premises have undergone Extensive Alteration and Improvement, and that Our

NEW GRAND SHOW ROOMS
WILL BE READY FOR
INSPECTION OF GOODS,

From all Parts of India and Burmah, on the 15th SEPTEMBER.

Our STOCK is Replete with Every Description of

INDIAN ART INDUSTRIES.

The Show will be an Exhibition in itself, and well worth a Visit.

VISITORS will find our Vast Collection of INDIAN ARTWARE most Interesting. Our Workshops, too (where Every Kind of Indian Artware is Manufactured by workmen Imported from all Parts of India), will well Repay a Visit, and we Especially Invite Visitors to Delhi to Inspect them.

N.B.—For the Convenience of Visitors to Delhi

WE HAVE OPENED
BRANCH SHOW ROOMS

In CHANDNI CHOWK, Near the Institute and Clock Tower.

The Largest and Cheapest Stock of Indian Goods in the World is at

TELLERY'S NEW GRAND SHOW ROOMS, AT DELHI.

CARPETS AND RUGS,

Over 200 in Stock, of the Best Old Designs and Guaranteed Vegetable Dyes.

BADHAM PILE & COMPANY'S "PERFECTUM."
RIDING BREECHES.
CUT ON

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
A MISCELLANEOUS CONCERT
WILL BE GIVEN IN THE
TOWN HALL
On FRIDAY, September 29th, at 9-15 P.M.
SOLOISTS:

Mrs. STANLEY SMITH.	Mr. ANDERSEN CLARKE.
Miss PEDRAZA.	" H. HICKMAN.
" SCHMUCK.	" R. N. MANT.
" SWIFT.	" MARSHALL REID.
" WESTLAKE.	

PART SONGS BY THE CHORUS.

Plan of the Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.'s, on Saturday, the 23rd instant.
Reserved Seats...Rs. 3 | Unreserved Seats...Rs. 2

CONCERT
AT THE INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION
GIRLS' SCHOOL
(Opposite the Victoria Terminus),
ON TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 26TH, 1893, AT 9 P.M.,
IN AID OF THE INSTITUTION,
Under the kind Patronage of
Mrs. G. W. ROUGHTON,
Member of the Ladies' Committee.
PROGRAMME:
PART I.

Violin Solo ..... { Nocturne.....Chopin. { Mazurka.....Wieniawski. Miss PEDRAZA.
Song .....By the Fountain.....Stephen Adams. Miss BENISTON.
Song .....Near Whitstock Town.....Traditional Irish. Mr. ANDERSEN CLARKE.
Song ..... Good-bye .....Tosti. Mrs. GRIEVES.
Recitation .....Misadventures at Margate ...Ingoldsby. Mr. ST STEPHENSON.
Song .....Ask Nothing more.....Theo. Marzials. Mr. A. HARRINGTON.
Pianoforte Solo..Home Sweet Home.....Wehli. Left hand only (By special request). Miss FLOWER.

INTERVAL 10 MINUTES.

PART II.

Song .....She Wandered Down the Mountain Side.....F. Clay. Mrs. GRIEVES.
Song .....She Wore a Wreath of Roses ...C. Knight. Mr. ANDERSEN CLARKE.
Song .....The Alarm .....Godfrey Marcks. Mr. A. HARRINGTON.
Violin Solo ....Mazurka Caprice .....Bohm. Miss PEDRAZA.
Recitation .....My First and Last Appearance...Turner. Mr. STEPHENSON.
Song .....Out on the Deep.....Fred. N. Lohr Mr. WOOD.
Vocal Duet.....Mother, can this the Glory be ?...S. Glover. Miss BIBRALL. Miss MEDCALF.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

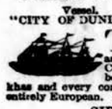
Tickets (One Rupee each) to be obtained from the HEAD MISTRESS, L.-D. Girls' School, and from Messrs. Laidlaw and Whiteaway, Rampart Row.
Doors Open at 8-30 P.M.; to Commence punctually at 9 P.M.
PIANO kindly lent by Messrs. MARCKS & Co., LD.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE SOCIETY.
A GRAND BAZAAR
IN AID OF A FUND FOR REPAIRS
TO THE ORPHANAGE BUILDING
WILL BE HELD
IN THE TOWN HALL
ON THURSDAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY,
7TH, 8TH, AND 9TH DECEMBER, 1893.

Further particulars in future Advertisements.
Contributions and Work, which are earnestly solicited, will be gladly received by—
Mrs. McKENZIE, The Rock, Mazagon.
Mrs. BAPTY, Pedder Road, Cumballa Hill.
Mrs. STIVEN, Nepean Sea Road.
Mrs. SPENCER, Land's End, Malabar Hill.
or by
D. M. INGLIS,
Honorary Secretary, Bazaar Sub-Committee.
Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, 6th July, 1893.

CITY LINE.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL VIA KARACHI.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail about
"CITY OF DUNDEE".....	E. Halley...	3,193	7th Oct.



THIS STEAMER is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, and has all the latest improvements. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on deck amidships. Punkhas and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. Crew entirely European. Apply to
SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 22nd September, 1893.

ACCOUCHEMENT IN ENGLAND.
AT well-furnished refined home of a LADY (Certified in Obstetrics). Doctor if Desired.
VERY MODERATE TERMS.
NURSE.—46, RADIPOLE ROAD, FULHAM ROAD, LONDON, S.W.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
Single Copy .....As. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given that a BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT of the above Company has THIS DAY been OPENED at No. 57, Esplanade Road, under the management of the Undersigned, and that the Agency hitherto held by Messrs. Greaves, Cotton and Co., has now been TRANSFERRED.
All communications regarding existing Policies to be made to the Secretary from this date.
W. R. RAE,
Resident Secretary.
September 21, 1893.

THE MANMAR MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that the ELEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Manmar Manufacturing Co., Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Don Tod 3rd Row, Kuja, Mehsana, on SATURDAY, the 30th September, 1893, at 11 A.M., to transact the following business:—
1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts to 30th June 1893.
2. To Elect a Director.
3. To appoint an Auditor and fix his Remuneration.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 27th September to 7th October, 1893.
By Order of the Directors,
MOOLJER JEWRAJ AND Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 8th September, 1893.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
(ESTABLISHED 1862.)
CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED ... £2,127,500.
THE abovenamed influential British Fire Office is prepared to grant Insurances on Mills and all other classes of Risks at LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Claims Paid during last Ten Years
Amount to Over .....£3,00,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH OFFICE:—
57, ESPLANADE ROAD.
W. R. RAE,
Resident Secretary.
AGENTS WANTED, in Up-country Stations. Liberal Terms of Commission.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.
In the matter of RAHIMBHOY HUBIBHOY, an Adjudged Insolvent.
NOTICE is hereby given that NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, the Acting Official Assignee of this Honourable Court and the Petitioning Creditor of the abovenamed Insolvent, do appear before this Honourable Court on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of October, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-three, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon, either in Person or by Counsel, and show cause, if any he has, why the Order made in this matter on the 30th day of August, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-three (whereby it was ordered under Section Nine of the Indian Insolvent Act 1848 that the Petition of the said Norman Cranstoun Macleod that the said Insolvent should be adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under the said Act and whereby it was further ordered that the said insolvent should within thirty days from the said 30th day of August File a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C to the said Act annexed, containing the statement of his debts, estate and affairs) should not be revoked or set aside, and why all other proceedings, if any, taken or had thereon should not be annulled and discharged.—Dated this 12th day of September, One thousand Eight hundred and Ninety-three.
J. J. MILES,
Acting Clerk of the Court.
Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 21st day of September, 1893.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the UNDERSIGNED has received Telegraphic advice, that the Power of Attorney granted by Messrs. HUGO SCHWEER and Co. to Mr. GEORGE SIGL, of Bombay, has been Cancelled.
Ch. B. PRUMLER,
Acting I. and R. Austro-Hung. Consul-General.
Bombay, 20th September 1893.

MOHPANI STEAM COAL.
REDUCTION IN PRICE.
THE Nerbudda Coal and Iron Company, Limited, are now offering their Mohpani BEST STEAM COAL at Rs. 7 PER TON INSTEAD of Rs. 8-66 as formerly Delivered in Wagons at the Mines. Apply to
THE AGENT AND MANAGER,
Mohpani Mines, via Gadarwara, C. P.

THE HINDOO AND MAHOMEDAN JOINT FUND FOR RELIEF OF INNOCENT SUFFERERS.
NOTICE.
GENTLEMEN desirous of SUBSCRIBING to the above Fund are requested to send their Subscriptions to our credit, with the Bank of Bombay.
FAZULBHOY VISRAM,
TRIBHOWANDAS VURJIWANDAS,
FUTTEHALLY SHEIK AHMED,
NARAYEN GANESH CHUNDAWARKER,
Honorary Secretaries.
Bombay, 12th September, 1893.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.
NEW CLASSES formed for FRESH STUDENTS. Those who desire to attend are advised to make immediate Application. DAY and EVENING WORK begins on MONDAY, 13th November, 1893.
Printed Form showing the Time Table and other information can be obtained on application by letter to the PRINCIPAL at the Institute.
NOWROJEE N. WADIA,
Honorary Secretary.

INDIAN COTTON COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that the EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Indian Cotton Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Nos. 7 and 9, Church Gate Street, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of September, 1893, at 3-30 P.M., to transact the following business:—
1. To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Accounts of the Company up to 30th June 1893.
2. To elect a Director in the room of the Director who retires by rotation, but who is eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.
4. To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 21st September to 5th October, 1893, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Directors,
GADDUM, BYTHELL & Co.,
Secretaries and Treasurers.
Bombay, 12th September, 1893.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
In the Matter of the NEW ALEXANDRA SPINNING and WEAVING Co., Limited, in Liquidation.
NOTICE is hereby given that upon Application at the Office of the Official Liquidators of the abovenamed Company, in Apollo Street, Fort, on and after the 18th Day of September, 1893, between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock, the fifth and final Dividend at the rate of eight and a quarter per cent. on all claims allowed by the Court and remaining unpaid in full, will be paid to the Creditors, who are required to produce at the time of such Application the Promissory Notes or such other Vouchers as are held by them.—Dated 12th day of September 1893.
MICHAEL R. De QUADROS,
N. C. MACLEOD,
Official Liquidators.

BURMA.
POLICE SUPPLY AND CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
NOTICE.
SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Supply and Clothing, Burma, for the SUPPLIES entered in the Subjoined Schedules, up to 12 o'clock Noon, on the 4th December, 1893, when the Tenders will be opened in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.
Tenderers must tender for all the Supplies entered in the Schedules, but may tender for either or both of the cheques.
Tenders for Schedule No. 1 may also, if they wish, tender for the loading, carriage, and delivery of the supplies entered in Schedule No. 1 at the following stations:—

Pyinmana.	Myittha.
Yamethin.	Kyaukse.
Pyawbwe.	Minbu.
Meiktila Road.	Magwe.
Meiktila Contonment.	Pakokku.
Thedaw.	Myingyan.

Tender forms and particulars regarding the contract and the contract-deed can be obtained on application to the Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Supply and Clothing, Burma, Rangoon.
Tenders should be enclosed in sealed envelopes and the superscription, "Tender for the Supply of Rations to the Upper Burma Military Police," should be clearly written on the outside of the envelopes.
The Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Supply and Clothing, Burma, does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender, and reserves to himself the right of rejecting any Tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

Article.	Probable quantity.	Date of delivery.	Place of delivery.	Earnest money to accompany Tender.
Schedule No. 1.	lbs.			Rs.
Atta, dry, ground	200,000	From 1st April to 31st March 1894.	Rangoon.	5,000
ice, second sort, for Natives	50,000			
Wheat	1,040,000			
Dhall of sorts	227,000			
Ghee, cow's	151,000			
Salt	52,000			
Turmeric	9,500			
Chillies	1,000			
Schedule No. 2.				
Atta, dry, ground	500,000			
Rice, second sort, for Natives	3,000,000		Mandalay.	5,000
Wheat	5,400,000			
Dhall of sorts	760,000			
Ghee, cow's	513,000			
Salt	190,000			
Turmeric	37,000			
Chillies	2,000			

SCHEDULE No. 3.
Loading, carriage and delivery of the Supplies entered in schedule No. 1 at—

Pyinmana.	Myittha.
Yamethin.	Kyaukse.
Pyawbwe.	Minbu.
Meiktila Road.	Magwe.
Meiktila Cantonment.	Pakokku.
Thedaw.	Myingyan.

Earnest money to accompany Tender.—Rs. 500.
By Order of the Chief Commissioner,
R. A. CARRUTHERS, LIEUT.,
Offg. Deputy Inspector-General of Police for Supply and Clothing.
Rangoon, 1st September, 1893.

"KEATING'S LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S LOZENGES."
"A SIMPLE FACT ABOUT" KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. Ask throughout the world, in any country that can be named, you will find them largely sold. There is absolutely no remedy that is so speedy in giving relief, so certain to cure, and yet the most delicate can take them.
"A TERRIBLE COUGH."
"A TERRIBLE COUGH."
"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of 'Tracheotomy' (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucus, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly, J. HILL."
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
UTTERLY UNRIVALLED.
The above speaks for itself. From strict inquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The operation was a specially severe one, and was performed by the specialist, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation the only means of relief is the use of these Lozenges. So successful are they that one affords immediate benefit, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense.
WEIGHT IN GOLD.
WEIGHT IN GOLD.
Under date Sept. 8th, 1891, Mr. Hill again writes: "I should long since have been dead, but for your Lozenges—THEY ARE WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD. I will gladly see and tell anyone what a splendid cough remedy they are.
Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGH, HOARSENESS and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Bottles by All Chemists.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY AND BOMBAY DIRECTORY FOR 1893.
PRINTED AND PUBLISHED
At the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5, with Postage, Rs. 5-4.
THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1893 contains much new and valuable information brought down to date, and gives the history of the remarkable progress made by the City in recent years
While recording the advance that has been made in the commerce and manufacturing industry of Bombay the GUIDE gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charitable institutions of the different communities, and accurate and detailed descriptions of many public buildings which have been completed during the year.
THE
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
Has been carefully enlarged, verified, and revised up to the day of going to Press Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS, FORT.
By order of H. A. Acworth, Esq., C.S., the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, the Undersigned will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 23rd instant, at 3 P.M., at the New Foras Road Fish Market, the right of collecting squatters' fees from 1st October, 1893, to 31st March, 1894; and such sale will be subject to the confirmation of the Municipal Commissioner.
The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer; the amount of such offer must be paid over to the Superintendent of Markets, as the same is knocked down to the bidder whose offer is the highest, and for further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, September 23, 1893.

BANKS.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED).
ESTABLISHED AT MADRAS A.D. 1885.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS.
CAPITAL CALLED UP.....Rs. 6,30,000
CAPITAL IN RESERVE .....Rs. 3,70,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES.....Rs. 6,26,978
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY AND RAWAL-PINDEE.
BANKERS and AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA, CEYLON and in LONDON, EDINBURGH, DUBLIN.
FIXED DEPOSITS—12 months 5 per cent. per annum.
PRUDENTIAL FUND—Terms may be ascertained on application.
STERLING DEPOSITS—1 ¾ p.a. on monies awaiting remittal.
CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle and CHEQUES on BOMBAY, CALCUTTA or MADRAS received at par for Deposit Accounts.
RECEIPTS issued when desired to EITHER or SURVIVOR.
FLOATING ACCOUNTS—2 ¾ p.a. on balances over Rs. 250 and not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
PROMISSORY NOTES and BILLS discounted and CASH CREDITS & LOANS granted upon IMMOVEABLE, MOVEABLE, and PERSONAL PROPERTY possessing a Market value.
DRAFTS issued and WIRE TRANSFERS effected.
GOVERNMENT PAPER—SHARES, bought and sold.
PAY, PENSIONS, INTERESTS, DIVIDENDS collected.
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES arranged.
SECURITIES received for SAFE-KEEPING, liability accepted.
BANKING and MONEY AGENCY of every description conducted.
Full information and Rules furnished on application.
(By order of the Board)
P. A. CHURCHWARD,
Offg. Manager.
Bombay, July 17, 1893.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF PERSIA.
(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1889.)
CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£1,000,000
(With power to increase) to £4,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS £100,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
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London Office.....14, AUSTIN FRIARS, E.C.
Chief Office in Persia.....TEHERAN
Branches at .....BUSHIRE, ISFAHAN, MESHED, SHIRAZ AND TABRIZ.
Agencies at.....BAGDAD, BOMBAY, BUSREH, AND CALCUTTA.
London Bankers .....MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & Co.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received at 4½ per cent. per annum for twelve months. Terms for longer periods can be ascertained on application.
A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.
Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Dec. 1892.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ...£ 1,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND .....£ 100,000
HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY AND MANDALAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs 10, no interest is allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 Months at 4 Per Cent Per Annum.
For Shorter Periods at Rates to be learned on Application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the First of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....£1,125,000
HEAD OFFICE:
65, OLD BROAD STREET, LONDON, E.C.
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, PENANG, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, HONGKONG, & SHANGHAI.
THE BANK receives FIXED DEPOSITS for one year at 4½ per cent. Interest, and CURRENT DEPOSITS on TERMS which may be learned on Application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
R. KENNEDY,
Manager.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.
CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED... ... £2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP £250,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL £1,750,000
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Head Office.....3 PRINCE'S STREET, E.C.
London Bankers...{THE CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK LD. THE BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received on the following terms:—
3 per Cent. per Annum for 3 Months.
3¼ " " " 4 "
4 " " " 6 "
4½ " " " 8 or 9 Months.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened on terms which may be ascertained on application.
A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.
Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, December 1892.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
Paid up Capital.....$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund.....$ 39,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
T. JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
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WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson and Co.)
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WM. ANASTATIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
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AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
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BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
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BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent per annum on Daily Balances if not under Rs. 1,000, and not exceeding Rs 1,50,000.
Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the other commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
G. H. TOWNSEND,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay; and at 31, Dalhousie Square South, Calcutta.

BAHADUR CIGARS.

BAHADUR REGALIAS.....	6 inches long, in boxes of			50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES.....	5	"	"	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3¾	"	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	"	"	200

GENUINE BAHADURS are obtainable from all RESPECTABLE Dealers throughout India.
SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS,
McDOWELL & CO.,
MADRAS.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.
DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS
Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organ, generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in an agonising death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all cases of renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, and promote the functions of the kidneys, thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints, long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful Patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.
The most wonderful Pills in the world for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the month on rising in the morning, sallowness, scarvy, pimples, blotches, boils, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; and being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of either sex, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.
Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned blue pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them: an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run its course for a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTAE VITAE, OR LIFE DROPS.
The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Debility, Spermatorrhœa, &c.
This remarkable rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn-out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces owing to long residence in India, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the Faculty. In all cases of nervous and functional debility (arising from whatever cause), it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incapacity.—Price 11s., or four times that quantity, 33s. per bottle
Dr. De Roos' Medicines are sold by all the Principal Chemists and Merchants in India. Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sale of extra profit.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.
N.B.—The Trade and Native Dealers supplied under Special Discount.
Debilitated and nervous young men should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. De Ross, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Sent post free on receipt of Postal Order for one Shilling by Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 14, Hand-court, Holborn, London, W.C.

IMPORTANT
TO SUFFERERS FROM NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.
PHOSPHORUS PILLS,
AS PREPARED BY
H. & T. KIRBY & Co., LD., LONDON.
COMPLETELY RESTORE PHYSICAL VIGOUR, MENTAL ACTIVITY, AND BUSINESS CAPACITY.
THEY CONTAIN THE PHOSPHORUS IN THE LUMINOUS STATE, THE ONLY CONDITION THAT IS SAFE AND CERTAIN IN ITS ACTION.
THE ONLY REALLY EFFECTUAL REMEDIES FOR ALL FORMS OF
WANT OF NERVE POWER
ARISING FROM
OVERWORK, WORRY OR EXCESS.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 1.
Taken with great advantage as a direct nutrient to brain "nerve" tissue in all cases of Loss of Power, arising from Excessive Activity of the Nervous system. They contain the usual dose of unoxidized Phosphorus. Invaluable in Neuralgia, and cases of Extreme Exhaustion.
PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS, No. 3.
A valuable combination. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the organs, increases functional activity, and improves the condition of the whole system. Largely employed during the convalescent stages of intermittent and remittent fevers. An excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by residence in tropical climates.
PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 6.
Given with great advantage in all Neuralgic affections, and debilitating diseases. A powerful restorative. Especially useful in Loss of Power following Excesses.
COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILL, No. 9.
(Containing Phosphorus, Iron, Quinine and Strychnine).
This combination of Nerve Tonics has a very large application. It is most efficacious in all disorders characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of general health induced by dissipation and excesses of various kinds, in which state Iron and Phosphorus are needed. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial value by stimulating regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving as a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases.
STRONG COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS, No. 173.
This combination is double the strength of No. 9 as *regards Phosphorus and Quinine*, and therefore should be given only in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.
PHOSPHORUS, IRON AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 1.
Given with highly beneficial effect in Anæmia, Sciatica and all Neuralgic and debilitating diseases.
PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS, No. 4.
A valuable tonic, the use of which will be gathered from what has been said of the preceding Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6. For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.
PHOSPHORUS AND CANTHARIDES PILLS, No. 20.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a stimulating emmenagogue in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, and Atony of the Uterus.* Formula 30 is the same pill with the addition of Iron, and is most suitable as a tonic for *feeble, anæmic* females.
PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS, No. 34.
This Pill is made from the *True* Damiana Plant, which is a valuable aid to Phosporus when required as a remedy for impotence. No. 36 contains Nux Vomica in addition, and for some cases is a more suitable preparation.
In Bottles, 3s. 5s. & 10s. each (English Money). The 10s. Bottle contains sufficient for 4 weeks.
To prevent Imposition buy in Original Bottles only and see that the Trade Mark is intact.
Appointed Agents.—Bombay, TREACHER & Co.; F. W. MADON & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co. Poona, TREACHER & Co. Allahabad, LYELL & Co.; Umballa and Kasauli, BALL, HOBSON & Co.; Rangoon, DE SOUZA & Co.
H. & T. KIRBY & Co., Limited, 14, NEWMAN ST., LONDON, W.

SODA WATER MACHINERY AND ALL APPLIANCES UNEQUALLED FOR RELIABLE & ECONOMICAL WORKING.
BRATBY & HINCHLIFFE, LTD.,
ANCOATS, MANCHESTER; 146, MINORIES, LONDON; AND 81, ROBERTSON STREET, GLASGOW.
Catalogues and full particulars on application to their Agents:
MESSRS. LEIGHTON & Co., MADRAS. | MR. F. W. SHALLIS, BOMBAY.

DAWSON'S BOOTS
NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.
JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS
REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

CLUB WINES
PHIPSON AND Co. Bombay, are now supplying 184 Military Messes and

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
Indian Banks.					
Bank of Bombay	2,000	Rs. 500	Rs. all	10 pr. ct.	Rs. 1,140
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	1,170
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	10 pr. ct.	980
Commercial Bank of India, Ltd.	10,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	130
Exchange Banks.					
Agra	200,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	8½
Chartered Bank	60,000	£20	£20	7 pr. ct.	£22
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	30,000	$125	all	41	£ 35
National Bank of India	40,000	£25	£12½	6 pr. ct.	200

MISCELLANEOUS.

					Last Divd.	
Allcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	270	
Back Bay Bathe	750	50	150	7½	100	
Bathan Pile	800	50	50	12	40	
Bombay Electric Supply Brothers	4,000	100	100	10	86xd	
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	6,625	200	135	18	47	
Bombay Fir Insurance.....	In	Liquidation				
Bombay & Persia Trading Corporation...	1,000	1,000	1,000	270	4,175	
Do. New Issue.	1,000	500	375	67½	1,125	
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	72	
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	600	500	500	3 pr. ct.	63	
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 25	925	
Deccan Ice Co..	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	1	
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	5 pr. ct.	300	
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 11	257	
Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ld.	2,000	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	275	
Iyer & Co., Ld.	500	100	70	..	70	no
Indian Guarantee & Surety						
Ship Assn ..	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	16½	
John Roberts & Co.	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	125	
Jehangir B Karani & Co., Ld.	2,00	200	100	8 pr. ct.	100	
Kamp & Co.	4,000	200	175	div 23½	333	
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	200	30	19	
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.....	3,500	100	100	Nil.	3	
Marcks & Co., Ld.	5,000	100	100	Rs. 10	84	
Napier Mills Co	2,000	100	50	9 pr. ct.	50	
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200		60	
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ..	5,000	200	50	12 pr. c	190	
Oriental Loan...	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15	
Philips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 7	81	
Port Canning Co.	8,000	1,000	1,000	20	470	
Prince of Wales Fireln.	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,350	
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	17	11	
Soundly & Co...	1,000	100	100	9	50	
Southwell and Austin, Ld....	Ord.	1,000	10	10 pr. ct.	10	InLqdn
	Pref.	1,000	100	10 pr. ct.	120	
Thacker & Co.		2,00	50	all	50	930
Thacker & Co.,		1,500	100	10	60	
Telephone Co.		9,000	25	25	19	Exd

PRESS COMPANIES.

					Yearly	Rs.
Akbar		200	1,250	1,250	75	1,20
Albert Ginning Co		100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)		200	1,100	1,100		103
Apollo		750	2,000	2,000	90	300
Bellary		167	1,000	1,000	Nil.	40
Bhownagger City Press & Manfg Co, Ld		550	250	250		300
Bombay Cotton recuit's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.		1,000	125	125	Rs. 10	110
Branch City Press Co., Ld.		800	200	200		195
Quadrille					16	22
Reminiscences of Wales		600	200	all		240
Salvation Depot		500	1,880	1,88	20	270
Kaal India		350	1,000	1,000	45 & 60	1,00
English Press and Manfg...		400	250			130
Port		5,000	2,50	Rs. 3		1175
French		300	500	all	100	435
Harvey and Sabapathy....		450	500	50	50	475
Hingoli Press Co., Ld.....		750	400	all	50	105
Khangsaun.....		240	450	450	32	350
Mah sudgum Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.....		300	500	500	63	120
Mercantile.....		1,000	125	125	7½ pr. ct	117½
Mofussil Co.....		3,125	400	Rs. 40		420
Munmar M.....		1,000	250	all	Rs. 32½	217½
New Bharat.....		600	500	500	Rs. 15	555
New Indian.....		1,000	125	125	Rs. 12	112½
Prince of Wales.....		100	500	500	Rs25dv	415
Sabapathy (Bellary).....		500	500	75	20	48½
Samson.....		500	500	500	20	501
Sind and Punjab Co.....		100	1,000	00	25	1,000
Sind		400	2,000	750	33	365
Sorab Workman Mills.....		1,200	250	250	7½ pr. ct.	175
Surat Cliff rose Co., Ld..		375	200	all	2	100xd
Volkart			1,00	1000	Rs. 100	970

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,50	00	all	Rs. 25	180
Anglo-Indian..	1,31		100	5	64
Bellary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871		all	15per ct.	30
Bombay United Manfg. Co.....	900	1,000	1,000	30	600
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co...	600	500	500	20	330
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld	597	1,000	1,000	...	350
Britannia Mills.	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	900
Central India..	1,000	500	500	Rs. 30	1,050
China Mills Co. Ld.....	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	490
Crawford Spinning Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	815
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	10 pr. ct	620xd
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700		Rs. 15	607½
Dawk Mills	800	1,000	1.	Rs. 40	375
Doral Mills Co. Ld.....	5,000	100	100	50	440
Dhun Mills	1,400	500	500	Rs. 15	570
Empress	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	550xd
Ewart Jute Co.....	10,000	100	1,000	Rs. 25	110
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	640
Hinguniat Mill	700	500	500	40	66
Howard and Bullough	1,500	500	500	Rs. 5	575
Hyderabad	700	10,000	1,000	...	1,133
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	350
Indian Manfg	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,070
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	575
Jaffer Alli	800	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,200	250	250	12	175
Jowraz Baloo..	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	785
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	630
Khangaum Manfg. Co...	400	250	250	Nil	725
Khatao Manekjunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	485
Leopold	3,300	1,000	10	15 pr. ct.	160
Lowji Nusr Mal	440	1,000	1,000	35	600
Lukmidascspinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	820
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	2,40
Mahalaxmee ..	600	1,000	1,000	Nil	350
Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	1,400	500	500	15 pr. ct	1,470
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1485
Mazagon	5,000	0	250	6	112½
Morarji Gocul-das	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,335
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.....	4,50	100	100	12 p.c & 2 p.c	105
Madura Mills..	1,77	100	100	Nil.	1 par
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	130
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	425-30
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	380
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,165
Queen Mills ..	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	475
Ripon Mills ..	600	1,000	1,000	R 30	800
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	5	1,400
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,205
Standerton.....	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	530
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Rs. 15	185xd
Southern Maharatta	1,312	250	250	12½	315 xd
Sun Mills, Ld..	1,200	250	250	12½	205
Star of India ..	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	300
Swadeshi Mills	475	500	500	Rs. 15	395
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co....	900	1,000	1,00	50	550
Vishnukar Lukhmishar C. Mill Co Ld.....	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills.	500	1,000	1,000	25	300
Western India..	1,700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	625
Wadia Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	..	700
Swinn Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	..	450

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				guar.	
G.I. P. R Consolidated Stock	..	£100	all	5 p.c.	2,40
B. & C. I. R.		£ 13	..	do.	

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs.	15
Carolus	"	nom
Mexican Dollars	"	200
Five Pence Pieces Gold	"	300 nom
Bar Silver	"	91-8
Gold Leaf	"	25-8
Bar Gold, English	"	25-14
Bar Australian	"	25-8
Bar Bombay	"	25-6
Bar Pekin	"	25

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

Four per cent	104 15-16
Three-and-a-half per cent	97 7-8
Municipal 3 per cent. Debenture Loans	119
New French Loan 3 per cent. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	nom.
Peel Trust Bonds	104
New Loan	104

EXCHANGE

Terms.		Rate.
London Bank's	On demand	1s. 3 3 32-1.
Do.	do.	1s. 3 1-16-1.
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Do.	do.	1s. 3 3 16-1.
Do.	do.	1s. 3½-1.
Do.	Credit	1s. 3 9-32-1.
Do.	do.	1s. 3 11-32-1.
Do.	Documents	1s. 3 5-16-1.
Do.	do.	1s. 3 7-16-1.
France	do.	1 79-1
Do.	do.	1 81
Calcutta	At sight	100 1-16
Do.	60 days	99
Do.	90 days	100 3-32
Do.	120 days	101
Ceylon	30 days	do.
	60 days	do.

MUNE'S CODLACTONE is employed in various forms of Dyspepsia, but chiefly on those presumed to depend upon Debility of the Stomach and other Diseases caused through Defective Nutrition. Rs. 1-4.—MADOS, SONS and Co., Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gymkhana Football Tournament, Final Tie.
Concert, H. V. Artillery Head-quarters, Nesbit Road, Byculla, 8-30 p.m.
Aryan Social Union Lecture, People's Free Reading Room, Fort, 8-30 p.m.
The Anjuman-i-Islami-e-Farsi Meeting, New High School, Hornby Road, Fort, 5 p.m.
Music on the Esplanade, 9 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Illafee (s), from Jedda ; and Purulia (s), from Zanzibar ; and Kohinur (s), from Calcutta.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Nasera (s), for Jedda.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Calder entered the dock on Thursday, and the s. s. Sabarmati left it yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Maria Valerie left the dock on Thursday.

MILL-HANDS STRIKE.—Four hundred operatives of the Bombay City Mill and five hundred of the New Great Eastern Mill have returned to work.

ARRIVAL.—The Maharja of Bilaspur with eleven men, carrying one gun and four swords, arrived at Grant Road station, at 6 o'clock, on Thursday morning, and is at present staying at Mahedeo Baug.

RUGBY FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.—The final tie for the Challenge Cup will be played to-day (Saturday), at 5 o'clock sharp, between the Worcester Regiment and the Bombay Gymkhana. Programmes giving the names of the teams may be had on the ground.

A CORRECTION.—A correspondent writes :—In to-day's issue of your paper, under the Bombay column in stating the names of Grant Medical College scholars the name of my brother is given as V. R. Parulker, which should have been V. K. Parulker, his full name being Vishnu Krishnarao Parulker.

BURGLARY AT JAIL ROAD.—Haji Ebrahim Haji Ali, a Mogul, residing in a room, on the ground floor of a chawl, situated at the north side of the Common Jail, has made a report to the police, that during the night of the 19th instant, while he was asleep, some one entered the room, through a door, which was left open, and stole a wooden box, containing articles of wearing apparel and cash, of the collective value of Rs. 117. The box was subsequently found in an adjoining gully, but minus its contents.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—This powerful Fire Insurance Company has just opened a branch office in Bombay, under the management of an expert from home—Mr. W. R. Rao, resident secretary. The company has an income bordering on a million pounds sterling per annum, and hence can be no doubt that they will soon make themselves felt in local competition. Their position is exceptionally strong, offering as they do the protection of a fully subscribed capital of £2,127,500.

COLLAPSE OF WALLS OF HOUSES.—Yesterday evening, at half-past five o'clock, the whole of the north wall of a five-storeyed house, belonging to Toolsidas Khimjee, and situated at Bora Bazaar Street, Fort, gave away. The house was inhabited by a number of tenants, but fortunately no one was injured.—At 7 o'clock on the same evening a portion of the north wall of a three-storeyed house, situated at Old Nagpada, and owned by one Mahomed Hajee Mistree, also collapsed. All the tenants vacated the house three days ago, as it was then being repaired.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.—By the kind permission of the Officers of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, the Volunteer Band will play the following programme at the Esplanade Band-stand this evening, at 9 p.m., moonlight (weather permitting) :—

Quick March	Kneller Hall	J. O. Hume.
Cavatina (Cornet Solo)...	Polinto (J. Mason, Bandmaster).
Quadrille	Fun of the Fair	W. Williams.
Reminiscences	of Wales	F. Godfrey.
Valse	Sous le Feu	Waldteufel.
Polka	Ionian	Mrs. E. Warriner.

PROHIBITION AGAINST IMPORTATION OF TOBACCO INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM THROUGH LETTER POST.—It was recently notified that the British Post Office intended in future to exact rigid compliance in all cases with the rule of the Postal Union, which forbids the transmission of dutiable articles through the letter post ; but intimation has since been received that this prohibition will now be strictly enforced only against tobacco. With the exception, therefore, of tobacco in any form manufactured, or unmanufactured, articles which are liable to customs duty on importation into the United Kingdom, will again now, as formerly, be allowed to pass unchallenged when sent through the post in very small quantities as *bona fide* samples of merchandise.

GOA NEWS.—Mr. Manuel de Passos Carlos has obtained from the Lisbon Government a concession to lay tram lines between Ribandar and Dona Paulo, passing through Pangim. He is coming out from Portugal to float a tramway company in Goa to carry out the project. —A young man of twenty-five years has been murdered in broad daylight on the 12th instant at Benaulim, while engaged in putting dykes to a lake. The post-mortem examination has proved that the unfortunate young man met with a violent death. Efforts are being made to hush up the matter and screen the criminals from being handed over to justice, but the Press calls upon the authorities to take up the case.—The receipts of the West of India Portuguese Railway from 1st July to 26th August, amounted to Rs. 41,091 against Rs. 26,905 for the same period last year, showing an increase of Rs. 14,186.—It is reported that Senhor Borgia, the Governor of Macau, is going to be substituted by Senhor Guimaraes, the late Chief Secretary to the Goa Government. Mr. Christovao Pinto and the Baron of Cumbarjua have been granted the monopoly for twelve years of fishing in the seas and rivers belonging to Goa.—No reason has been assigned why the new police service has not been brought into force from the 15th instant, as it was announced in the Government Bulletin.—It is reported that the Governor-General has resolved to simplify the work of customs duty for passengers who lose hours and days to go through the ordeal.—Colonel C. A. DeSouza Faro has been appointed Inspector of the Forest Department, under instructions from the Agricultural Council in Lisbon to study the condition of the forests and propose an economical system for their working and development.—The Chief Secretary, Mr. Manuel Mendonca David, attorney for the Crown, have been appointed President, and Vice-President of the Provincial Council General, the opening of which has again been postponed.—The collection of customs receipts for the official year 1892-93 amounted to Rs. 3,91,061.—Peace has been restored to the Catholic flock at Sawantwadi by Rev. Alvares or Mar Julius being sent away from the scene of disturbance.—The Goa Government has suspended the payment of rewards from the destruction of poisonous snakes. The exchange has taken an upward tendency. A rupee which was worth 333 reis, fetched 350 reis since the currency legislation, and it is now worth 370 reis.

SMALL CAUSES COURT.

(Before KHAN BAHADUR MAHOMED HOOSAIN HAKIM, 5th Judge.)

DISPUTED WATCHES.

FRITZ RUPENER *vs.* A. FETTERBEL.

Mr. DeSouza appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Fayne, of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, represented the defendant.

The plaintiff by his bill of particulars claimed to recover from the defendant the sum of Rs. 465, being the value of two gold watches had and received by the defendant to the plaintiff's use on or about the month of May last. The plaintiff was entrusted with the sale of certain watches, &c., belonging to the defendant. The two watches out of the above stock were stolen by one Schapiere at Hongkong, the value of which was included in the amount acknowledged by the plaintiff to be due to the defendant, who subsequently recovered these watches on or about the month of May last from Schapiere, and refused to return them to the plaintiff, although requested to do so.

Mr. Payne, on behalf of the defendant, denied his client's liability, and contended that the two watches in question were not stolen by Schapiere, as alleged by the plaintiff.

His Honour, in delivering judgment, said that the reply sent by the defendant that the receipt of the two watches in question was admitted, but it was alleged that Schapiere had given the watches to the defendant in part-payment of his debts due. Mr. Payne, for the defendant, had no doubt very ably done what he could for his client, but defendant was not in court to swear as to how he came by the watches, while on the other hand there was as per Exhibit B proof positive that the watches were included in the item of Rs. 1,907-8 debited to the plaintiff. The defendant should either return the self-same watches or pay the price of them. There was no dispute as to the price of the watches. The Court passed a decree for the plaintiff for Rs. 465 and court costs unless the two watches in question were returned in the same condition in which they were received by the defendant, and certified Rs. 15 as the professional costs of the plaintiff's pleader.

THE HINDU AND MAHOMEDAN JOINT RELIEF FUND.

WE are informed by the working committee of the above fund that their Excellencies Lord and Lady Harris and the Hon'ble George St. Vincent Harris have each remitted Rs. 125 as their subscriptions to the above Fund :—

	Rs.
Hajee Jackaria Hajee Ahmed	100
Goormookchroy Sookhnand	100
Khjee Shujee	100
Hurkisondas and Bhagwandas Narotamdas	100
Munjee Nathu	100
H E Lord Harris	125
H E Lady Harris	125
Hon'ble George St. Vincent Harris	125
Ameer olin Tyabjee	100
Abdoola Dawood	100
Hajee Mahomed Ally Lakdawalla	100
Doongersey Gangjee & Co.	100
Captain P. Beauclerk of Secunderabad	10
	1,285
Already advertised up to the 20th instant...	14,500
Total.....	15,785

FAZULBHOY VISRAM,
TRIBHOVANDAS VURJEEVANDAS,
FUTTEHALLI SHAIK AHMED,
NARAYAN GANESH CHANDAVARKER,
Honorary Secretaries.

TO CURE SKIN DISEASES—Sulpholine Lotions quickly drives away Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches Redness, Eczema, Acne, Disfigurements, Roughness and Scurf, &c., leaving a clear, spotless Skin and beautiful Complexion. Sulpholine is a necessity for the Skin, especially in hot climates. Made in London. Sold everywhere in one Shilling Bottles.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Candy and the Hon. Mr. Justice Fulton.)

DIFFERENCE OF OPINION BETWEEN HIGH COURT JUDGES.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* LAKSHIA VALAD AJU AND THREE OTHERS.

MR. NAGINDAS TULSIDAS appeared for the accused Nos. 1 and 4 ; Mr. Balaji Abaji Bhagvat for accused No. 2 ; Mr. Maneksanaw Jehangirshaw for accused No. 3 ; and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

The facts of the case are these : On the 1st June 1893, about 11 p. m., the dead body of one Patilbawa was found on the railway line of the G. I. P. Railway Company between Ashwali and Wangarwadi Stations. There was the usual investigation by the police, and the four accused persons were charged before the Sessions Court of Nasik as follows :—Accused Nos. 1, 2, and 4 with murder, and accused No. 3 with abetment of murder. On the 17th July, 1893, all these persons were convicted, and Nos. 1 and 3 were sentenced to transportation for life ; and accused Nos. 2 and 4 were sentenced to death by the Sessions Judge of Nassik. The case was heard before their lordships on the 10th ultimo, and was adjourned for judgment. On the 14th ultimo their lordships confirmed the conviction as against Nos. 1 and 2, who had confessed and pleaded guilty, the Sessions Court confirmed the sentence against No. 1, but commuted the sentence of death as against No. 2 to transportation for life. As against accused Nos. 3 and 4 there was a difference of opinion between the learned judges, and Mr. Justice Candy being for acquitting and Mr. Justice Fulton being for convicting. The matter was therefore referred to Mr. Justice Bayley, before whom the case was again argued as regards accused Nos. 3 and 4 on the 8th inst.

Mr. Vasudeu Gopal holding Mr. Maneckshaw's brief, appeared for accused No. 3

Mr. Naginda Tulsidas appeared for accused No. 4 and the Government Pleader for the Crown.

Mr. Vasudeu, for No. 3, contended that, except her statement before the Magistrate, which was withdrawn and retracted before the Sessions Court, there was no evidence against Parvati. Accused Nos. 1 and 2, who confessed, did not implicate her. She did not point out the various places or spots where the dead body was put, &c. Besides the very confession bore on its face marks of its having been put into her mouth by the police. The story as to her pointing out the rope with which her husband was strangled was, on the face of it, untrustworthy. The pleader argued that she should be acquitted.

Mr. Naginda, for No. 4, contended that the evidence against him consisted of (1) confessions of accused Nos. 1, 2, and 3, and the evidence of Mahlsi and Waliya. There was also the statement of one Vithia, the accomplice, to whom pardon was given by the committing magistrate, but which was withdrawn by the Sessions Judge. The evidence of Vithia could not be received, as it was not corroborated in material portions by any independent evidence. Nor could his statement be used for corroborating the confessions. Nor could the confessions be used to corroborate the statement of the accomplice. As to the confessions, they were discrepant ; and that of No. 3 did not implicate her sufficiently, so as to enable the Court to use it against Tatia, No. 4. Moreover, that confession was not voluntary, as was urged by Mr. Vasudev Gopal. No doubt, the confessions of accused Nos. 1 and 2 might be considered according to sec. 30 of Act I. of 1872 against No. 4, if these confessions were corroborated in material parts by independent evidence. Unless there was such corroboration no court could base the conviction of the accused thereon. There were numerous decisions of this Court on the point, and among the rest there was the recent one of Imperatrix *vs.* Khandya Pandiya reported at page 66, Indian Law Reports, 15 Bombay Series. But in this case, there was no such independent evidence. So there was against Tatia the evidence of Mahlsi and Waliya. But this evidence was, in the first place, unreliable, because both of them had a grudge against Tatia, as they admitted, and moreover as there was contradiction in their statements. One of them said that when Tatia left Patelbawa's house in his company, on the evening of 1st June 1893, he had in his hand an axe, while the other said he had had in his hand an axe, while the other said he had none. Even if the court believed them, their evidence was not sufficient either for corroborating the confessions or for furnishing materials for basing conviction thereon. The evidence simply went to show that the deceased Patilbawa was last seen in the company of Tatia. This did not corroborate the confessions in material parts, and by itself it was not sufficient for a conviction. For, after all, it was circumstancial evidence only, and its value was very little, as laid down in the case of Hodge (Lewin, Crown Cases, Vol. I., page 227). The pleader argued that, therefore, Tatia should be acquitted and discharged.

The Government Pleader said the confession of Parvati did not seem to have been extorted by force or threaten. She implicated herself sufficiently or threaten. She implicated herself sufficiently. The confessions of Nos. 1 and 2 were sufficiently confirmed by the evidence of Mahlsi and Waliya. There was nothing in the evidence of these witnesses to make it unreliable. The sessions Judge had the advantage of seeing the demeanour of the witnesses, and he had relied on them. There was hardly any contradiction, and the cause of grudge was slight. This evidence was sufficient for the conviction of Tatia, for it showed that he was last seen a few hours before the murder going with Patilbawa in the direction of the place, where he, Patilbawa, was murdered. Moreover, there was the strong motive for Tatia and Parvati to get rid of Patilbawa, so that they might have no obstacle in their way. As to the English cases, it was of the point, as there was no confession in it.

Mr. Justice Bayley, on a consideration of the evidence, the judgments of the two learned judges, and the arguments of counsel, held that both the accused should be acquitted. The confession of Parwati, in the opinion of the court, was not voluntary. The court thought that a gainst Tatia the confessions of Nos. 1 and 2 could not be used, as they were not corroborated ; and the other evidence was not sufficient for a conviction.

The third and fourth accused were therefore ordered to be acquitted and discharged.

CRICKET.

THE MARINE BATTALION VS. GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH.

This match was played on the Marine Battalion parade-ground, on Thursday, the 21st inst. The scores were as follows :—

THE MARINE BATTALION.
1st Innings.

Boy Gondnak, b Pitcher	10
Pte Shaik Ebram, c Thoy, b Netcher.....	19
Lt Raymond, b Pitcher	19
Pte Shair Khan, c Reeves, b Thoy	10
Boy Gerunkar, b Thoy	10
Lt Waller, b Pitcher	22
Sur-Major Burroughs, c Barry, b Thoy.....	10
Col Perjet, b Pitcher.....	23
Boy Sonnechter, not out.....	5
Mr Scout, b Netcher.....	4
Pte Sonnak, not out.....	9
Extras.....	6
Total...	157

THE GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH.
1st Innings. 2nd Innings.

Netcher, b Sonnak	0	b Gondnak	0
Pitcher, c Scout, b Shaik Ebram.	0	b Gondnak	0
Thoy, b Shaik Ebram	0	not out	3
Barry, b shaik Ebram	0		
Page, c Gondnak, b Shaik Ebram	1		
Bailie, b Sonnak	0		
Reeves, c Lt Raymond, b Shaik Ebram	0		
Godfrey, c Sonnechter, b Sonnak	0		
Chitts, b Sonnak	0		
Pote, b Shaik Ebram.....	6	not out	3
Regnaud, not out	0		
Extras.....	0	Extras	2
Total...	9	Total	6

ROYAL ARTILLERY.
1st Innings.

Lt Tulloch, b Burjorjee	1
Careless, st Mitchell, b Burjorjee	14
Major Tylden, b Burjorjee.....	14
Keeting, not out	2
Hazelgrove, st Michell, b Burjorjee	5
Gynan, b Burjorjee	1
Clinch, c Wilson, b Jehangirjee.....	0
Ling, b Burjorjee	7
Major Simpson, b Jehangirjee	0
Carrington, l-b-w, b Burjorjee.....	0
Spinks, b Burjorjee	0
Extra	1
Total.....	45

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.
1st Innings.

Lt Vines, b Clinch	3
Capt Holland, c Tulloch, b Clinch.....	18
Lieutenant Burnett, b-w-b Clinch	7
Lt Wilson, b Hazelgrove	2
Burjorjee, b Clinch	5
Lt Beaumont, c Ling, b Clinch	9
Lt Willock, b Spinks	1
Mr G N Beaumont, b Spinks	9
Lt Mitchell, not out.....	3
Lt Hewett, c Tylden, b Spinks	7
Lt Locke, c Ling, b Clinch	0
Extras.....	13
Total.....	77

SHIWAJI C. C. VS. INDO-PORTUGUESE C. C.

A match was played on the 17th inst. The following are the scores :—

INDO-PORTUGUESE C. C.
1st Innings.

M DeMello, b Sinker	6
Lemos, b Sinker.....	9
F N De Mello, b Sinker.....	7
H De Souza, c Karekar, b Nerurkar.....	10
P De Souza, b Nerurkar	0
I De Silva, b Nerurkar	8
M Pinto, c Sinker, b Nerurkar	4
F Rodrigues, c Pai, b Karekar	1
A Dias, not out	1
Emanuel, b Karekar	0
Mascrenhas, b Karekar	6
Extras.....	0
Total...	53

THE SHIWAJI C. C.
1st Innings.

Rajadhyasha, b P De Souza	7
Karekar, b De Mello	0
S D Pai, c and b P De Souza	6
H S Wagh, b De Mello	3
Nerurkar, c Mascrenhas, b De Mello.....	11
S B Parulkar, (captain) stumped out	2
D P Verde, not out	19
A S Wagh, run out.....	1
N B Parulkar, not out.....	0
B V Sinkar } to bat	
N M Kulkarni }	
Extras.....	8
Total...	57

TO-DAY'S CRICKET.

1st XI. of the Y.M.C.A.A. Club *vs.* Parsee Gymkhana, Cooperage Ground, 1-30 p.m.
2nd XI. of the Y.M.C.A.A. Club *vs.* Parel Gymkhana, Cooperage Ground, 2 p.m.
The Thana Gymkhana *vs.* Royal Indian Marine, Cooperage Ground, 11 a.m.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

THE success which has invariably attended the smoking concerts given by the members of this Corps in their head-quarters, at Nesbit Road, Byculla, has led them to branch out in another direction, and to-night a concert will be given, in which several ladies have kindly consented to take part. A well-arranged programme of vocal and instrumental music has been drawn up, and the concert, which commences at 8-30 promises to add another to the list of successes achieved by the Corps in the amusement line.

SIR CLEMENT THOMAS, K.C.I.E.

MONSIEUR CLEMENT THOMAS, Governor of the French Establishments in India, was, according to a decree of Her Majesty the Queen of England and Empress of India, which appeared in the Official Gazette of London on the 1st instant, elevated to the rank of Knight Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, and was informed of it by the following telegram from His Excellency Lord Lansdowne, Viceroy and Governor General of India.

SIMLA, Aug. 31.

The Viceroy to H. E. Monsieur Clement Thomas, Governor of Pondicherry.

"I offer Your Excellency with great pleasure my h

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

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OUR Daily Ground MOCCA COFFEE, at Re. 1-4 per lb., Guaranteed pure and unadulterated, and daily Roasted and Ground in closed cylinders, the fine aroma preserved. This Coffee has attained general approbation of the public, and those who have not used it are earnestly recommended to give it a trial. Money will be refunded if the Coffee is not approved of.—N. B. DANTRA & Co., 8, Church Gate Street, Fort, and 34 and 36, Abdool Rehman Street, near Crawford Market. Liberal Trade Discount to Large Buyers. Price List on application.

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A LEADING Fire Insurance Company Requires the Services of One or Two Experienced NATIVE ASSISTANTS.—Apply "X," care of this Paper.

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METAL-BODIED RUBBER TYPE.—Just received, a large Consignment of this Type, Type Fullers, &c. Catalogues to be had.—BLOOMFIELD and Co., 24, Medow Street, Bombay.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY GUIDE.—An indispensable book for Travellers in India and the East, contains the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, the Steamer routes in India, and the Persian Seas, and other useful information. Price 8 Annas Coloured Map of India revised from official sources. To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Office and at all Booksellers and Railway Stations.

ALEXANDRA HOTEL, BOMBAY.— I have been here on one, two or three occasions, and always found The Proprietor doing as it ought to be. Everything is of the best and obliging, the servants respectful and willing; in short, the Hotel is a comfortable and good one. My brother, Col. Hennessy, and General Bartleman have put up here, and were likewise satisfied.—R. L. HENNESSY.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 22.

OWING to the usual post-monsoon change in our mail-day, the period covered by our weekly report is a day longer than usual; but as three days of this time have been taken up by holidays; during which the Banks have been closed, and business more or less suspended, our budget of commercial news on this occasion is necessarily small. The activity in Cotton for export, at enhanced rates, which prevailed at the end of last week, diminished thereafter in presence of some reaction in the governing markets for this staple, and the feeling became quiet or steady. The reports from the districts regarding the growing crop of Cotton have been upon the whole satisfactory, and the present condition of the plants points to a full outturn. Wheat has remained neglected to a great extent by exporters, and nearly unchanged in value; while Seeds, after becoming quieter, are again in moderate demand for export, in a steady market. The unsettled state of Exchange in view of telegraphic advices regarding the action of the Secretary of State for India, and of the position of Silver continues, and the market, after becoming firmer, weakened again and closed this evening with rates exactly as they ruled last Thursday evening, both for Bank and Private Paper. Government Paper is ½ per cent. higher in Fours. Freights have been steady, with more business reported. Imports, in sympathy with the firmness in Manchester, have been in rather better demand, and rates for staple goods are fully maintained.

MONEY.—The Presidency Bank's weekly Statement of Affairs, issued on Monday, embraced but three working days, owing to the late holidays, and as might be expected, the large falling off of 36¼ lakhs in the Cash Balance, which it disclosed, was not the result of any material change in the position of the trade demand for Money in that short period in which, while Loans had slightly decreased, the increase in Bills Discounted had been much smaller than in the week preceding. In anticipation, doubtless, of the then approaching holidays, considerable withdrawals, aggregating nearly 27¼ lakhs, were made in the earlier part of the week from Private Deposits, which materially reduced the Cash Balance; but the principal factor in its diminution was the large decrease in Government Deposits at the Bank's head office and branches amounting to nearly 35¼ lakhs. There has been no change in the rates of the Bank of Bombay during this holiday week, and the minimum remains at 3 per cent.

EXCHANGE.—On the Banks re-opening on Monday after the holidays there was a firmer feeling in this market at 1s. 3 5-16 to 11-32d. for three months' sight Credits, and at 1s. 3¼d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 5-32d. for Demand; 1s. 3 7-16d. having been quoted for Credits for 1894, and 1s. 3 7-32d. for Telegraphic, for next year's transfer. A lakh of Telegraphic was placed for forward at 1s. 3¼d.; but otherwise the demand for Bank remittance was small, though, for ready business, 1s. 3 5-32d. and 1s. 3 3-16d. for Telegraphic and Demand, respectively, was obtainable. Credits meantime advanced 1-32d. for September delivery, to 1s. 3⅜d., and for next year, to 1s. 3 15-16d. On Tuesday the market opened easier at 1s. 3½d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3 5-32d. for Demand, and 1s. 3 3-16d. for 1894, and remained the same all day, a moderate business having been reported for next year at this rate, for three months' sight Credits, 1s. 3 11-32d. was named for September delivery, and 1s. 3 7-16d. for next year; but at the close, 1s. 3 5-16d. for ready, and 1s. 3 13-32d. for 1894 was quoted, and business done thereat, Monday's firmness having disappeared in presence of Reuter's half contradictory telegram about the rumoured loan by the Secretary of State, for want of confidence. The market was depressed on Wednesday, and with but little doing, practically, either way, the chief business reported having been some sales of Silver, for October shipment, the enquiry for this metal, which had latterly fallen off, having again revived somewhat. Bank remittance opened at 1s. 3 3-32d. for Telegraphic and 1s. 3 1-8d. for Demand, and 1s. 3 5-32d. for January transfer of Telegraphic, at which it remained throughout the day, only a moderate business having been reported. For three months' sight Credits, 1s. 3 5-16d. for September-October delivery, and 1s. 3⅜d. for January-February were the quotations, but with little offering, and before the close, 1s. 3 9-32d. was done for ready Paper, the market closing flat in the uncertainty as to the next move of the Secretary of State's financial advisers. This morning rates opened at 1s. 3 3-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 3½d. for Demand; and for three months' sight Credits, ready at 1s. 3 5-32d. and 1s. 3 3/8d. for the new year. There have been no export Bills making, while, on the other hand, a pretty strong enquiry for remittance, especially forward, having sprung up at our quotations, and further transactions on Silver being also reported, for October shipment, rates weakened towards the close and left off as under for ready business, Telegraphic for 1894 being quoted at 1s. 3½d. and Credits at 1s. 3 11-32 to 3/8d:—

Bank Bills on Demand	.....	1s. 3 3-32d.
Do.	Telegraphic	1s. 3 1-16d.
Do.	3 months' sight..	1s. 3 5-32d.
Do. 4	do.	1s. 3 3-16d.
Do. 6	do.	1s. 3 1-4d.
Credits 3	do.	1s. 3 9-32d.
Do. 6	do.	1s. 3 13-32d.
Documents 3	do.	1s. 3 5-16d.
Do. 6	do.	1s. 3 7-16d.
Francs 3	do.	160⅝
Do. 6	do.	161⅜

GOVERNMENT PAPER re-opened on Monday at 104 15-16 for Fours, for cash; 104 13-16 for this month's settlement; and 104⅜ for the October account; but advanced in the course of the morning 3-16 per cent. in a firm market, say to 105⅛, 105, and 104 15-16 in the three positions, respectively, closing at a further rise of about ⅛ per cent., 105¼ having been the final rate for Money. The new 3½ per cent. Loan, after being quoted at 96⅛ to 97, left off at 97⅜. On Tuesday the market opened at a decline of about ¼ per cent. in Fours from Monday's closing quotations, and eventually became steady, though quiet, at 104 15-16 for cash, 104 13-16 for the coming settlement; and 104⅜ for the October account, with buyers at the rates for account, these having also been the closing rates. 97⅛ was quoted for the new 3½ per cent. Loan. Tuesday evening's rates for Fours were quoted at opening on the following morning; but a decline of ⅛ to 3-16 per cent. took place thereafter, and 104 13-16 for cash and 104 11-16 and 104⅜ for the near and more distant accounts, respectively, were named in a quiet but steady market. Rates rallied again before the close, however, and left off at the previous evening's level; with 97⅜ quoted for the new 3½ per cent. Loan. To-day, the market has been firmer, and rates for Fours advanced to 105 for cash, 104⅞, buyers, for the coming settlement, and 104⅜ for the October account; but this level was not quite maintained, and closing quotations were 1-16 per cent. lower, 97⅜ was the closing rate for the new 3½ per cent. loan.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is 1¼ per cent. lower, at 119. Port Trust Bonds are unchanged, at 104.

SHARES.—This market has been closed for holidays during a considerable portion of the week, and on days when it has been open, it may be said to have been stagnant, there having been no flow of business on any line. The few alterations in quotations compared with those of a week ago, are, in Mill Scrip, an advance of Rs. 2½ in Colaba Land and Mill; and a decline of Rs. 5 each in Manockji Petit, Oriental, and Swedeshi. In Press shares, Mofussil, and Manmar are Rs. 7½ higher; New Indian, Rs. 5; and Mercantile Rs. 2½; while Hingoli have declined Rs. 10; and Volkart's, Rs. 15. In Miscellaneous shares, Delhi and Northern Flour have advanced Rs. 9; Bombay Ice, Rs. 2; and Phillips & Co. Rs. 2; in Banks, Bank of Bombay have advanced Rs. 12½; Bank of Bengal are Rs. 20 higher.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—In consequence of the firmness of the Manchester Market dealers here have only been selling staple *Grey Goods* at full rates, all offers below current quotations having been firmly rejected. There has been a good deal of wholesale buying during the week for Delhi and Cawnpore. Stocks are as before. Delhi and Cawnpore buyers have also been operating moderately in *Bleached Goods*. In *Dyed, Printed,* and *Turkey Red Goods* a large business has been going on at slightly better quotations. *Locally made Goods* are steady, a full demand having been felt at hardening rates. The Clearances of *Imported Goods* for the week have been about 3,500 packages; and of *local* about 2,500 bales.

YARNS.—The market for *Imported Twist* has been steady during the past week, a moderate business having been done at an advance of ¼ anna per lb. Sales of *Local Spinnings* in China for the week ending last Monday were only 5,300 bales. Owing to the advance in Cotton, spinners here are asking for an advance of 1/8 anna per lb., which, however, China buyers refuse to pay. Local demand is good, and the market closes steady, at the following official quotations, the week's Sales having been about 1,500 bales:—

Twist...	...	No. 6s	Mule As.	4 5-8 to 4 13-16 per lb.	
"	...	... "	8s "	4⅜ " 5¼	"
"	...	... "	10s "	4¾ " 5 5/16	"
"	...	... "	12s "	4 7/8 " 5 3/8	"
"	...	... "	16s "	5¼ " 5 7/8	"
"	...	... "	20s "	5 3/4 " 6¼	"
"	...	... "	24s "	6 1/8 " 6¾	"
"	...	... "	30s "	6½ " 7¼	"
"	...	... "	40s "	8 " 8¼	"

METAL.—Only a small business has been reported in *Copper* in a quiet market, and with prices unchanged for all descriptions. *Yellow Metal* has been taken to a moderate extent, and is 4 annas per cwt. higher, the tone being steady at the rise. Iron has been quiet, and *Swedish* Bars are Re. 1 per candy lower; but other descriptions are unchanged in value.

COAL.—As there is very little on the water, the market for this mineral is advancing. Sales have been reported during the week of Powell's Duffryn Cardiff, September shipment, at Rs. 18½, and October shipment, at Rs. 17½ per ton; and of Davison's West Hartley, September shipment, at Rs. 17½, and October shipment, at Rs. 17 per ton. The Stock on the Bunder is gradually decreasing. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	Rs.	15 per ton.
West do.	"	17½ "
Australian	"	14 "
Powell's Duffryn Cardiff	"	18½ "

EXPORTS.

COTTON.—This market became firm in tone at the end of last week in sympathy with Liverpool and New York, and considerable purchases from old stock were made, chiefly by exporters, while prices advanced Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 per candy. Meantime, however, following some reaction in the governing markets, demand from shippers has fallen off, and only a moderate business has been done, the feeling having become quiet, at a slight reduction in rates. The purchases for export have aggregated about 6,000 bales, consisting of Oomra descriptions, Compta Ginned, Dharwars, and Bengals; while the Mills have taken some 3,000 bales, chiefly Oomra kinds, with a little Dhollera-Bhownagger, Compta Ginned, and Broach. This evening the market closed firm with quotations Rs. 3 to Rs. 4 higher than they were a week ago.

Monday morning's telegrams from the Cotton-growing districts reported heavy rain at Veerumgaum in the Dhollera circle, and a lighter fall in the other districts of that circle, in all of which the crop will have been much benefited thereby. In most of the districts of the Bengal and Oomra circles there had also been slight or moderate rain since last Thursday; but only from Nagpur in the latter, did any complaint of damage to the crop—and that but slight—come. At Broach, over an inch more had been registered; but although the average fall had been much exceeded, the plants were flourishing, and could scarcely have looked better. Rain was, however, much needed at Hubli, in the Dharwar circle.

Only in the Bengal circle; at Nagpur, in the Oomra circle; and at Bhownagger, in the Dhollera circle; did any rain to speak of fall over the Cotton area between Monday last and yesterday morning; the telegrams thus received having reported the crop to be flourishing, the only complaints coming from Beawar, in the Bengal circle, where the plants were slightly injured by drought; and from Nagpur, and Barsee, in the Oomra circle, where they were slightly damaged by too much rain. Arrivals were expected early at Dhulia in the last named circle.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool, via canal without commission:—

Cotton—	Per candy.—	C. & F. Per lb.
Broach Good	Rs.	211-4 3-32d.
Bengal Fine	"	203—32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	193—31 11-16d.
Do. Good	"	182—31 7-32d.
Dholleras Fine	"	215—4 3-32d.
Do. Fully Good	"	205—3 21-32d.
Do. Good	"	196—3 19-16d.
Khandeish, Fully Good,	"	199—3 11-16d.
Oomrawuttee "	"	201—32d.
Belatee, Fine	"	209—4 1-16d.
Do. Fully Good	"	199—32d.
S G Dharwar Good	"	205—3 31-32d.
Westerns "	"	190—3 11-16d.

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1893. Bales.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales.
For 8 days.....	5,904	1,732	3,385
From 1st Jan. to 21st September	1,511,030	1,610,227	1,812,993
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
For 8 days.....	5,904	1,732	3,385
From 1st Jan. to 21st September	751,549	832,949	979,747
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
For 8 days	621	1,959	5,611
From 1st Jan. to 21st September	138,822	142,813	122,738

WHEAT.—There has been no change in the position of this staple, the feeling having remained quiet, with transactions upon a small scale. There was some little movement in prices in the earlier portion of the present week, making quotations stand as follows:—

White Pessy 91 per cent.....	Rs.	4-1-0	per cwt.
Do. 80 " ...	"	4-0-0	"
No. 1 Club Delhi.....	"	4-1-0	"
Red Delhi.....	"	3-14-0	"
Hard Yellow.....	"	4-4-0	"
Red Ahmedabad	"	3-13-0	"
Hard Red	"	3-11-0	"

SEEDS.—This market was quiet in tone, with only a small export business passing at the end of last week; but since then, the feeling has become steady again, with rather more doing, and, in the case of *Linseed*, at a slight advance in rates. We quote this evening:—

Linseed	Rs.	7-10-6	to Rs. 7-12-6	per cwt.
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat	"	6-14-0		
Do. do. Cawnpore	"	6-7-0 to	" 6-9-0	"
Do. Red do.....	"	6-1-6 to	" 6-3-0	"

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and seeds are as follows:—

	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.
Wheat for 8 days	82,770	64,916	117,755
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September...	5,727,869	8,886,209	11,899,318
Linseed for 8 days.....	22,600	16,194	33,032
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September...	3,874,315	3,477,140	4,365,689
Rapeseed for 8 days	31,501	33,444	9,238
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September...	4,102,079	1,380,825	1,335,805
Gingellyseed for 8 days...	1,073	2,050	247
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September...	946,113	862,679	972,315

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.
Wheat for 8 days	48,974	239,100	156,829
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September...	4,354,238	8,423,876	10,425,423
Linseed for 8 ...days.....	68,783	62,325	72,028
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September...	3,695,596	3,402,275	4,045,910
Rapeseed for 8 days	39,063	106,504	18,793
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September.	3,801,096	1,193,464	1,182,389
Gingellyseed for 8 days....	5,857	999	1,341
do. from 1st Jan. to 21st September ...	1,130,552	947,007	1,025,923

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

DEBATE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS.

PROPOSAL TO APPOINT A ROYAL COMMISSION.

LONDON, SEPT. 22.

In the House of Commons, last night, the debate on Mr. Bayley's motion was resumed.

Sir George Chesney opposed the appointment of a Royal Commission as futile, and said that the people of India preferred to have English rulers to most who were often hostile, and instanced the late Bombay riots. Sir George condemned the self-seeking policy of the National Congress.

Sir William Wedderburn supported the motion and ascribed the present situation in India to the exclusion of Natives from all share in the government of the country.

Sir Charles Dilke said that the Royal Commission asked for would tend to weaken the Indian Government. He favoured the abolition of the Legislative Indian Council.

Sir Andrew Scoble opposed the appointment of a Royal Commission.

Mr. Russell, Under-Secretary for India, regretted the withdrawal by Sir Henry Norman of his acceptance of the Viceroyalty of India, which was purely on personal grounds.

The Government, he said, favoured the separation of the Civil and Judicial functions, and that the Council of the Secretary of State, constituted an absolute check on the lavish tendencies of the Secretary of State.

Sir W. V. Harcourt promised that any of Mr. Dadabhoy Naoroji's specific grievances should be examined into.

The subject then dropped, and the Indian Budget was adopted.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT DESIRE TO MAKE INDIA.

Mr. Russell, in presenting the Indian Budget, to the Commons, said, he believed a distinct advance in the moral condition and prosperity of the people of India had been made.

The Government of India, he said, desired a strong, orderly, and progressive rule and to blend the different races and faiths into one harmonious whole and raise the people in the moral, intellectual, and social scale of Nations.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The Bombay mails of the 8th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

SUEZ, SEPT. 22.

The s. s. Sutlej, with the outward English mails of the 15th instant, left here, at 1-30 a.m., to-day.

ADEN, SEPT. 21.

The s. s. Siam, with the homeward Indian mails of the 15th inst., arrived here at 4 p.m., yesterday.

THE METROPOLITAN ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 22.

The Bishop of Calcutta's tour to Assam is published. He leaves Calcutta on October 2, returning on Tuesday, December 6.

AGRICULTURAL CONFERENCE.

The Agricultural Conference will assemble at mid-day of 2nd October, and the Conference is expected to last for a week or ten days. The chief topics to be discussed are the general agricultural reforms and measures for the proper utilization of the services of agricultural chemists.

THE KUSHK COMMISSION.

The Kushk Joint Commission finished their inquiry on the 4th instant and Lieutenant-Colonel Yate left Chahil Daikhteren, near Herat, on the 5th instant for Meshed. He reached Meshed on the 21st September, relieving Mr. E. Thomson of the office of the Agent to the Governor-General and Consul-General for Seistan and Khorassan.

THE KABUL MISSION.

The Kabul Mission reached Basawal on the morning of the 21st September.

The Amir's Sipah Salar is most cordial, and nothing could exceed the hospitality shown to all ranks of the Mission.

The Mission was to march sixteen miles to Girdikay on the 22nd.

Colonel Wace leaves Simla on Monday.

NEW RAILWAYS.

The Governor-General has been pleased to place a railway from the Nara river in continuation of Hyderabad-Umarkot-Pachpadra Line, and a railway from Madras to Bezvada, via Nellore, under the control of the Director-General of Railways.

OPIUM USED IN THE NATIVE ARMY.

Information is now being collected from Native Corps as to the extent of opium used in the Native Army and its effects of consumption on the health of the troops in view to it being placed before the Royal Commission.

APPOINTMENTS.

It is ruled that Officers appointed to the unattached list British Army for appointment to the Indian Staff Corps are eligible for appointment to the local Corps under the Government of India on completion of a year's service with British regiments, and if so appointed, they must pass the language examination of the Presidency to which they belong. Officers posted to the Madras and Bombay Presidencies are ligible equally with those posted to the Bengal for appointment to the Punjab Frontier Force after qualifying for admission at the Horse Guards.

PROMOTION OF SECOND-LIEUTENANTS TO LIEUTENANTS.

It is intimated that as the delay and inconvenience caused by the neglect of Second-Lieutenants to qualify for promotion to Lieutenant attention should be invited to the existing orders on the subject.

It is noted that twelve months should suffice for second-lieutenants to qualify themselves for promotion, but a further term of three months has been conceded to Officers serving abroad. This limit will be strictly adhered to. Officers not recorded as qualified within the limit is liable to supersession.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

The services of Surgeon-Captain W. Buchanan have been replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

Public Works Department.—Mr. Sage has been permitted to resign the services.

Mr. G. Martyn has been appointed Deputy Consulting Engineer, to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta.

The following Officers receive promotion in the Accounts Branch: Mr. Braddon, Major Waller, Messrs. Rawson, Yeats, Dover, Hickie, Laval, and Sherlock-Hubbard.

The Governor-General, having sanctioned a survey being undertaken of the country west of Katni, with a view to ascertaining the best alignment for railway from Saugor to Katni, is pleased to place the same under the control of the Director-General of Railways.

Foreign Department.—Several promotions in the Political Department have been notified.

Von Lier Polk has been recognised as Consul-General for the United States at Calcutta.

Mr. Tupper's officiating appointment is notified.

Military Department.—Leave has been granted to Lieutenant-Colonel R. Campbell, Major R. Lloyd, Captains R. Shawe, F. Richardson, R. Twigg, and S. Hobs, and Lieutenant D.'A. Brownlow, for one year; Lieutenant Clarke, for three months; Lieutenant J. Henessy, Commissariat Transport Department, for one year.

Extension of leave has been granted to Captain C. Harris for six months; and Lieutenant G. Mack Frank, for three months.

Captain E. Brooks has been granted leave till the 15th April, 1893.

Ordnance Department.—The tenures of appointment of Captains Davidson and R. Stuart have been extended for five years.

Revenue Department.—Mr. Ballantine, Deputy Conservator of Forests to the Nizam Hyderabad, has been granted two years' furlough.

Legislative Department—Mr. Wigley's officiating appointment, vice Mr. Macpherson has been notified.

Revenue Department.—Dr. Lingard has been granted three months' leave.

Public Works Department—Mr. E. Hughes, Superior Establishment State Railways, and Mr. H. Marvey, have been permitted to retire from the service.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 22.

The Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

30th Bombay Infantry. (3rd Baluch Battalion)—Lieutenant Jacob, Wing Officer, to be Quarter-Master provisionally with effect from 10th May, vice Captain Pelly who vacated the appointment on promotion.

The undermentioned Officer has been seconded in his Regiment with effect from 31st July:—Lieutenant G. H. Walker, Deputy Assistant Commissary General 2nd class on probation Wing Officer, 12th Bombay Infantry.

Surgeon-Captain Basu, Indian Medical Service, is transferred from general duty, Bombay, to general duty, Poona.

Lieutenant Farmer, 2nd Lancashire Fusiliers, and Lieutenant Pratt, 2nd Gloucester Regiment, are reported to have qualified for the appointment of Acting Paymaster.

It is notified that in future the specific grading of Squadron and Wing officers of Native Corps will not be stated in Army Orders, announcing their permanent appointment to regiments, but that as a matter of course such Officers will take their position in the regiment according to dates of their first commission.

Under instructions from Army Head-quarters India, it is notified that Lieutenant-Colonel A. Broadfoot, Commanding Royal Artillery, Rawal Pindi, has been appointed to the Royal Horse Artillery, and to the Command of the Royal Artillery at Kirkee, vice Lieutenant Colonel Kaye deceased.

The undermentioned Officer has been granted leave of absence by his Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief,—Leinster Regiment, 2nd Lieutenant Searle, to remain in England from 12th September to 11th December, on medical certificate, on extension of leave.

CRICKET: GANESHKHIND VS. PATEL'S ELEVEN.

The cricket match between Patel's Eleven and the Ganeshkhind team which was played to-day at Government House resulted in a brilliant victory for the former. Lord Harris made 72, including two fives and eight fours. Spencer also batted capitally, so did Chonkar. The Parsees won by two wickets and 80 runs. The following are the scores:—

PATEL'S ELEVEN.
1st Innings.

Patel, b Sharp	4
Chonkar, c Lord Harris, b Stockdale	48
D Kanga, b Sharp	0
D E Mody, c Lord Harris, b Stockdale	27
Bapasola, b Colonel Harris	7
Spencer, c Herron, b Stockdale	71
McLiry, b Captain Fowle	12
Tyabjee, c Elliott, b Lord Harris	10
Rahimtolla, not out	8
Halsi, Sir Dadal } did not bat.	
Extras	14
Total	221

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	R.	M.	W.
Sharp	130	54	3
Captain Fowle	85	50	1
Captain Stockdale	123	60	3
Colonel Harris	20	11	1
Lord Harris	43	26	1
Elliott	15	6	0

GANESHKHIND.
First Innings.

H E Lord Harris, c Patel, b Tyabjee	72		
Colonel Harris, b Mistry	1		
De Martin, run out	30		
Captain Cox, b Bapasola	0		
Captain Fowle, b Bapasola	21		
Captain Stockdale, b Bapasola	1		
Sergeant Elliott, c and b Mistry	1		
Mr Edgerley, not out	4		
Pte Herron, b Mistry	0		
Captain Gabb, c and b Mistry	1		
Extras	10		
Total	141		

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	R.	M.	W.
Mistry	56	33	4
Chonkar	25	17	0
Bapasola	85	45	3
Sirdesai	65	16	2
Tyebjee	20	18	0

A.-D.-C. TO MAJOR-GENERAL SANFORD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, SEPT. 22.

Major-General Sanford, Commanding the Meerut District, has appointed Captain Bond, an Attache in the Military Department, to be his Aide-de-Camp.

MINTS IN NATIVE STATES,

The Government of India are now collecting information regarding mints in Native States, the points to which inquiry is mainly directed are, on what conditions coinage has been carried on; whether the mints have been open to all or have only worked for rulers of States; and whet her they have been closed since June 26.

RUMOURED MURDER OF MR. PYNE.

It was only to be expected that rumours should circulate regarding the trouble at Kabul as soon as the Mission had started, but no good purpose can be served by the publication of bazaar reports, one of which has been published to the effect that Mr. Pyne had been put to death. It scarcely needs contradiction. That enterprising Englishman was alive and well according to very recent reports and enjoying full favour of the Amir.

THE SECUNDERABAD CANTONMENT WATER-WORKS.

The revised project for water-supply works has been sanctioned for the cantonment of Secunderabad. The works are estimated to cost Rs. 2,70,490. It was originally proposed to construct a reservoir on Trimulgherry Rocks at a cost of over three lakhs, but this project has been abandoned, and it has now been decided to construct a reservoir on Gun Rock at a less cost. A saving will also be effected in the annual cost of the water-works under the revised project.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, SEPT. 21.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Golconda, left here this morning.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 21.

The Hall Line steamer Lockeley Hall, arrived here this morning.

PENANG, SEPT. 22.

The Austrian Lloyd's steamer Orion, from Kobe, left for Bombay this morning.

TRINCOMALEE, SEPT. 22.

H. M. S. Pigeon left for Colombo, to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, SEPT. 21.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats firm.

Good Dholleras	4

The Manchester Market has been firm upwards tendency.

2½ per cent. Consols	93
3 per cent. Rentes	98⅛ ex.
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	106¾
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	66
Bar Silver	34

The sum of about £125,000 for Egypt has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £27,400,000, increase; £500,000, public deposits, £4,100,000, increase; £800,000, other deposits, £29,900,000, decrease; £100,000, other securities, £24,500,000, increase; £200,000, notes and gold, £18,300,000, increase; £700,000. The Bank's reserve is 54 per cent., of the liabilities.

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s.s. Shannon, Captain E. Crewe, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Gibraltar and Aden with the English mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Mr and Mrs C W Osman and child	Master Watkins
Lieut H B Mayne	Mr P M Lushington
Miss Lims	Mr and Mrs A H Thompson
Mr Mahomed Akhtar	Mr J A Grant
Mrs Ward	Mr W H Hazlerence
Mr Kyawoo	Mr W R Gardiner
Major G K F Aylmer	Mr G Wilson
Mr W Pearson	Mr and Mrs H W Uloth and two children
Mr W Pearson Junior.	Mrs Milne
Miss Pearson	Mrs Stone and child
Mr E A Lee	Mrs Saiymaun and Maid
Miss Becker	

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr J M Macpherson	Mr A Merrill
Mr P G Mihtus	Captain Young
Miss Clarke	Mr Simpson
Lieut H C Lye	Surgn-Major McColman
Captain C H Chapman	Mrs H McColman
Mr and Mrs McKell	Mr G H D Walker
Surgn-Major Wilkins	Mr McKewan
Mr Merrill	

FOR GIBRALTAR.

Dr Dabral	Mr A F Noronha
Dr and Mrs Silva	Mr B Pereira
Mr C D'Andrade	Mr and Mrs Menzies
Mr V Caiaco	

FOR ADEN.

Bishop of Bombay	Capt C H Agnew
Mr and Mrs E M Cooper, child and infant	Revd C Mayhew

THE success of the Barcelona Exhibition five years ago has induced the Spanish Government to organize a Universal Exhibition for Madrid, which is to be held next year from the 1st of April to the 31st of October. A circular has just been issued giving some idea of the nature and scope of the project. The General Council contains some well-known names, such as Field-Marshal Jovellar, the Spanish ex-Premier, the Duke of Audiffret-Pasquier, Baron Nordenskiold, Count Zichy, and M. Pierre Loti. The list also includes a "Gentilombre" to the Queen-Regent and the "Lord Mayors of London, Glasgow, Edinburgh," and of many other towns, one of which is "Colegn." In the General Regulations it is said that the Exhibition is under the Ægis and patronage of an International Committee of "notorious persons." The exhibits are to be varied and interesting, and will be divided into fourteen groups and sixty-seven classes. It is unfortunate that the Exhibition should have been brought to the notice of English people in a document so recklessly translated.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUG. 31.

WHATEVER Professor Lombroso may say depreciatory of feminine brain-power, there is no cessation in the making of books by women. A good many in a batch of the summer, or "young author season's," publications are the work of the much-abused feminine mind; and though perhaps there is no question of genius in their manufacture, they are decidedly pleasant and interesting reading. "Steadfast, by Rose Jerry Cooke, is an American story, full of the strong religious element, which dominates New England minds. But though it is a novel in which the object avowedly is to bring into notice the action of an ecclesiastical body in Connecticut; and though it is published by the Sunday School Union, and might under such circumstances be fairly regarded with suspicion by those that dread the goody-goody element, it is absolutely without cant, and is as rich in love, intrigues and tragic episodes as the most sensational shocker by Mrs. A. K. Green, or our own Miss Braddon.

***

It is difficult to say in what way the story appeals, as it does without doubt, in its spiritual as well as in its profane character, to the secular mind. To follow an ardent young minister in his struggle for independent action on a question of conscience with narrow, prejudiced, pharisaical ecclesiastical superiors is not a lively prospect. But soulless as we like to appear at the present day, we still take amazing interest in spiritual things; and no hero nowadays can stand in competition for favour with the man who is given to introspective moods and dreary heart-searchings. "Robert Elsmere," "John Ward, Preacher," and a score of their followers have whetted our appetite for spiritual research, and we as willingly swallow pages of doctrine and chapters of the dryest controversial discussion as divines preparing for a tilt in the theological arena.

***

But there is something besides religious interest in Philemon Hall, the leading character of "Steadfast." The author tells us that so far as his connections with the Consociation of Congregational Churches of Newport go, he was a real, living man, though in the story she changed his surname and the name of the county to which he belonged. And it is, perhaps, owing to this fact of his reality that, hero and saint as he is described, Philemon Hall is still very human. He has his earthly as well as his heavenly side, and his weakness for a fascinating faulty girl is more comprehensible to us than the sublime devotion he showed in marrying his poor crippled first love.

***

It was a strange wedding. Returning to his native place after five years' absence spent in study for the ministry, Philemon Hall finds the lovely girl who had pledged herself to wait for him, an incurable invalid crippled with rheumatism. She had given up all hope of seeing him again and resigned herself to a wretched existence under the roof of a grudging and unsympathetic relative. But Philemon's coming changed everything. He did not look for release from his bonds because his sweetheart was broken down and helpless. He realized how much more than ever she needed him in her suffering, and without giving her time for consideration he brought up a clergyman to her poor little attic bedroom to solemnize their marriage. And so the author says:—

Overborne by persuasion, by masculine dogmatism, by the suddenness and surprise of the thing—protesting with every power of her mind, assenting with every throb of her heart, looking up at Philemon with the deep-reading adoration of a mortal who beholds an angel stooping to earth's helpless needy level—Rachel Mather was married to Philemon Hall, without a crowd of friends, a wedding feast, a veiled bride, or even the flowers that should have the last adornment to such a scene. But no death-bed marriage could have been more solemn or as serene. It was like a translation to the hopeless earthly life of the woman, an opening of heaven's gates, and it was the rapture of fulfilment to the man, without one tinge of earth or self in its joy, the stainless rapture of a seraph over the soul gathered to the love of eternity safe in the heavenly rest.

***

The author gives us then a picture of the suffering girl's life, when after her husband gets a call to a living at some distance she becomes the centre of a little circle of neighbours, who come to her beside for consolation in trouble and advice in difficulties. Her self-forgetfulness is quaintly described by Isaac Bunnel., the man who came daily to do the minister's chores about the barn.

It beats all She's the most of a sick woman I ever see. When my womanfolks is silin' they let me know on't, now, I tell ye! Its—"Isik! fetch me some sage." "Isik! do get that ar brick." "Oh, land! I shall die, Isik, of ye don't make haste." But she's as mum as a clam. Don't fret none, Aunt Ruthy says, nor don't scold; jest lies there an' looks like a ship's figger-head a smilin,' as though the world run on greased wheels. I know there's a lot o'grace to work, as they tell about; but seems as of grace could work in some naters, better'n others; jest, you may say, as the same sort o'corn grows a sight higher in good land. She must ha' been medder soil to begin with, I expect.

***

Time passes—the gentle suffering wife dies, and the girl Esther who plays the principal part in the story has meanwhile grown up and begun her life experience. She is very pretty and inexperienced, and when she comes with her widowed mother to live in the same village with the minister and his wife, she soon loses her heart to her uncle's scampish nephew, who amuses himself making love to her. When he has effected his purpose of making her steal her uncle's will and the uncle dying suddenly, he succeeds to all the property, he jilts the girl, who sacrificed her honesty for him, and marries an heiress. Then Esther, homeless and lonely, for her mother had also passed away, accepts the minister's love and without any feeling for or against him becomes his second wife. After the marriage comes regret—her old lover re-appears—complications are imminent when she all at once realizes her position—recognizes her husband's goodness and patience and beginning by pitying him—for all this time he is fighting an unequal battle of one against several tyrannical ecclesiastical oppressors—ends by loving him.

***

Among the numerous characters the author introduces into the story there is one specially quaint and fresh.—Aunt Tempy, an old maid, who at the eleventh hour becomes the wife of a deacon, Amin Hopkins, having had already the help of three wives in the management of his household, offers her the position of fourth when the question of bacon-curing and butter-making shows that a woman in the house is indispensable. It will be seen from Deacon Hopkins' discourse on her predecessors that the elderly bride-elect knew what she was about to undertake and was undaunted.

I am extreme fond of seed-cake, murmured the deacon, his mouth filled with a huge bite of that viand. I haven't tasted none like this sence my first died. The second Mis' Hopkins she was sickly, ye know, and couldn't do round the house at all: she wa'nt nothin' but a bill of expense for them four year, and then I berried her. But I trust she's in glory: if she is, I know she relishes it—yes, she relishes it. She lived in a poor dyin' frame, as the hymn book says, all them years, and we didn't have real good hired help: our vittles wa'nt real relishin'. I used to hanker consider'ble for a biled dinner sech as my first used to get a Saturday. Then my third she was a stirrer, I tell ye! dretful savin', most too much so; but 'twas a good p'int—a good p'int. Ef so be I'd have come acrost her first time I should ha' had consider'ble more means; not but what I've got enough now, but more is handy, ye know. Yes, Almiry had faculty, lots on't; but she was kinder sharp, had spells on't. So she bust a vessel one day in one o' them spells; sort of tempery she was, am' it ris her blood too fur, ye see and she dropped like a stun. Yes, I've ben widdered goin' on eight months, and I'm some lonesome, I tell ye?

***

The sequel is given in Aunt Temp's dry, matter-of-fact words. Both parties looked on the marriage as business, and accepted the unforeseen disadvantages with stoicism.

"Well, I do no as I do." Aunt Tempy says in answer to Esther's remark that she is not looking well. "Fact is there's a sight of work to be done here: Deacon Hopkins he's a real driver. I had all the hog-killin' to see to, ye know, after I come; assaze an' sousa an' all that; and there's the butter and the hens. Oh! mercy me! 'taint all sugar'n honey pie now gettin' married, Easter, you better believe. I expect if you're goin' to do it, whether or no, you'd better begin young; its hard to learn a old dog new tricks. Not but what the deacon is a good disposed man; he's as pious as they make 'em; goes to meetin' reg'lar, and is a hero at prayer; beats all! But you see I was consider'ble old to fall into new ways, and its wore on me some. He's a pleasant enough, but he's kind of pernickity 'round the house; wants to hev the pork-barrel jest in that corner and the pickle pot in t'other. He's lived by himself a spell and got notional. But he's as good as the average, quite as good as th'average, if he is a little near, and I could n't pick and choose. I've got a comfortable home, and I cal'late to make the best on't.

***

Aunt Tempy's dry humour enlivens the story which would otherwise be rather too sorrowful. It opens with a strongly described scene after a funeral, and there are besides the invalid wife of the minister several deathbeds and a suicide. In fact, it is somewhat overcrowded with incident, so that the subject which it was intended to dwell on specially—the action of the Convocation—does not take the important part in the plot that it should, and the climax is delayed till too near the end for dramatic effect. But it is a clever book in spite of its faults, and to quote Aunt Tempy "I don't want no perfection round where I be; a little of th' old Adam is as good as salt in a huckleberry pie.

***

Of short stories, there is a greater plethora than ever at this season of trips and seaside holidays. A delightful little book, also by a woman, excellent in its get-up, paper, type, and handy size is called "Something Wrong," by E. Nesbit, author of Grim's Tales, published by A. D. Innes, price 1s. This had not the weird gruesomeness of Miss Nesbit's other stories, but they have each some special charm of their own pathetic, piquantly humourous, or sensational—just what they purport to be—the While-away Library.

TABLE TALK.

[BY WALTER BESANT.]

LONDON, SEPT. 1.

THAT there should be fighting, rows, and ructions in Aigues-Mortes, of all places in the world, takes away the traveller's breath. Aigues-Mortes! The most secluded, lonely, quiet, peaceful spot on the whole earth! About ten years ago I went to see the place from the City of Nimes. My train left about 7 a.m., and arrived at Aigues-Mortes at 10 a.m., or thereabouts—a leisurely, lazy train. I had a very fair breakfast at the little inn, and after breakfast I explored the place. It stands in the Camargue, that wild bit of Africa which has somehow got over from the opposite shore, and now forms the Delta of the Rhone. It is a broad plain covered with stones and brushwood, and studded with lagoons; herds of buffaloes wander about; flamingoes stand on the shores of the lagoons. Aigues-Mortes is on the edge—not the bank—of a lagoon; it is rectangular in shape; the walls rise out of the grass without any moat; at the N.-W. corner is the lovely Tower built by Louis IX.; a canal connects the place with the Mediterranean. When I was there a little coasting craft a *chasse maree*—was lying asleep in the canal; the crew were lying asleep on deck. The Tower was built, I say, by Louis IX., who embarked here for his Crusade; the walls of the town were built by his son. Both Tower and Walls are in perfect preservation. Within the walls the little town lies terribly shrunken; the walls are far too big for it; it is rather a mean little town, too; only a few houses in it removed from meanness, and it is perfectly quiet; one cart, and that laid up under shelter, represents all its "rolling stock." What the people do and how they live, nobody knows. When I was there nobody was in the streets at all; there was a school going on which could be heard all over the town; the grass grew in the streets; outside, the sun of March shone brightly on the broad waters of the lagoon, and there was a procession, an unorganised, natural, spontaneous procession of six old men, all with large pipes between their lips, walking solemnly, slowly, and silently round the walls at intervals of exactly ten feet apart. The explanation, of course, is that they wanted society, and as there was nothing in the world to talk about they walked at this distance, and so saw and felt the presence of each other, and were not lonely. What could there be to talk about in Aigues-Mortes?

And now the French workmen of Aigues-Mortes—good gracious! what working men?—have fallen upon the Italian working men—Heavens! Italian working men at Aigues-Mortes!—and slain some and grievously handled others. It is truly wonderful. I note also in a London paper by no means devoted to the cause of the *ouvrier* a kind of apology—which is itself a very remarkable sign of the times—for the Frenchmen who committed this outrage. They were incensed it says, by the engagment of the Italians at a lower wage than what they would take. That such an apology should be made in such a paper indicates, my friends, a period or change in the national view of things. Ten years ago such an apology would have been impossible. There has now sprung up, and it flourishes and increases, a feeling that what is worth doing at all is worth paying for; in other words, that competition may be as keen as you please, but that it must stop short at the wages of the working man. I neither defend nor attack this view. But I call attention to it, and I think we shall hear more about it in the immediate future.

A correspondent tells me of an older kind of candle than the old-fashioned rush candle. It is still used, he says, in out-of-the-way farms among the Welsh hills. It consists of a rush soaked in melted fat—I suppose tallow fat—and held in a clip; it is, in fact, a long rush taper. It is made in the house, and costs the farmer nothing; it drops no grease on the floor, and if you give one to a boy when he goes to bed you know that it will only last a quarter of an hour, and that he will not sit up reading in bed. The complete history of candles has yet to be written. I recommend the subject to anyone who wants an occupation that will take the whole of his life; that will be profoundly interesting; that will cover the whole field of literature, ancient, mediæval, and modern; that will be perfectly harmless; and that will be totally unconnected with filthy lucre.

More from the Note Book. In the village of Concord, where lived Emerson, and Thoreau, and Hawthorne, and the "Tedious Archangel," not to speak of other Immortals whose Immortality is beginning to get a little rusty, there still stand the houses where these great people lived. The most pilgrim-worthy of them all is that of Hawthorne, if one can see it. On a certain memorable day in early July, I was privileged to see it. First of all, it is kept up exactly as he left it. It is a wooden house, externally painted a yellowish shade of colour; it is gabled; with a verandah; in front and at the sides there is a small garden, with green palings; and at the back a low, steep hill more like a cliff, on which there are ferns and larches, the latter brought from England. The rooms are small; the dining-room has an old-fashioned fireplace; there is a stiff and formal "parlour;" there is a library consisting of two small rooms on the ground floor, where he passed the last three years of his life; the bookcases stand there still. Upstairs is a kind of wooden tower, in which was his study. Climbing up the steep stair one finds his standing desk, his chair, his rack for papers, his motto written over the door, "All care abandon, ye who enter here." And—a detail purely Hawthornian—on the walls are affixed pine branches, the fragrance of which fills not only this little room, but descends the stairs and penetrates through the whole house. It is a truly sacred cottage. Long may it be maintained with the same loving care by the lady who is its present tenant!

One thing I observed with the greatest pleasure at the Chicago Conference of Litarary Men and Women—we were all polite to each other. Being an Englishman, and used to the kind way in which authors speak of each other in my native land, I went there prepared for "ructions." For, you see when literary men disagree, their disagreement is wonderful, and whenever one literary man advances an opinion it is the signal for most of the other literary men to jump upon him, while none of the other literary men will back him up for fear of seeming to follow him. But at Chicago we were quite polite to each other—not polite with a sneer and a sniff and an innuendo, but kindly polite; we acknowledged each other's existence to be a thing allowable and even creditable, to Providence; we said and thought quite generous things of each other. Perhaps this was due to the presence of as many ladies as there were men. Perhaps it was due to the fact that the tradition that one author must jump upon another does not exist in the States. However, I only note the phenomenon. The rules that are commonly observed in our own country appear to be three: (1) That anyone who writes a book or books on any subject is thereby licensed and qualified to express a candid opinion about anybody else who writes a book or books on any other subject; (2) that, while in other professions as in the Bar or Medicine, professional courtesy must be observed and exacted, no such thing is required between members of the literary profession; and (3) that any attempt to improve the position of the poorer or more helpless followers of the profession or to expose, or to set right, existing hindrances and grievances, must be met with instant derision and misrepresentation. We have something to learn from America after all.

I have before me a book which I must hasten to present to some one of the sex for whom it was intended; for I feel as if it ought not to belong to me. The book is called "Female Beauty." It is by Mrs A. Walker. It is enriched by advice on Regimen and Health, edited by Sir Anthony Carlisle, F.R.S., Vice-President of the College of Surgeons. It is illustrated by drawings very prettily coloured by hand, and it was published in the year 1837. I approach a very delicate subject with extreme diffidence. Perhaps I had better speak of the pictures only. They are of a very unusual kind, being double. That is to say, the upper picture, with the face and sometimes the head cut out is placed upon the lower picture, so that the student in the Art of Beauty may perceive at once the effect of the change or the contrast proposed. Thus, the "Management of the Yellow Complexion" shows (in the lower picture) how a yellow hood removes the yellowness of the complexion by contrast; while the upper picture shows how the injudicious use of purple hood increases it. (To my eye it does not, but then I am not an authority on such subjects.) In the same way, a red face is shown to be made redder by a red hood, and paler by a greenhood. The "Management of Broad Jaws" is illustrated by the picture of a girl's face of a quite pretty oval type. This type however, was not admired in 1837 when, I fear, the taste for Beauty was not so catholic as it has since become. They then desired a pointed chin; in order to produce the effect, a frill was made inside the bonnet. Poor oval face! What a shame! The "Production or Character" by dress is illustrated by the same girl as a village maiden out of a Comic Opera, and as a Tragedy Queen. "Simplicty and Ornament Combined" shows the same girl (1) in a white frock and (2) dressed in all the War Paint of the Period. The rules and instructions laid down for the setting off and the heightening of feminine charms were no doubt very useful to the young ladies of 1837. The book is also, according to the taste of the time, when one had at least to pretend to be virtuous, ornamented or improved by moral remarks on Luxury in dress and the Folly of External Decorations. These remarks, after pages of talk about dress, are very sweet and refreshing. Thus, after pages upon pages of talk about dresses which only rich people could afford, the author says "Everything that renders woman more dazzling and more vain; everything that tends to substitute the adventitious merit of rank or wealth for merits which nature has withheld, serves only to increase their defects and feed a ridiculous self-love." Severe, indeed!

"Why cannot men and women become friends?" The question is put to me by a correspondent. The first answer is that they can; that they do; and that they have become friends. And one thinks of Mme. du Deffand and Horace Walpole; of Mlle. Lespinasse and D'Alembert; of less famous women who have attached men to themselves and made friends of them. Having found the obvious and conventional answer, one begins to look at it. Mme. Du Deffand was past fifty and blind when she made a friend of Horace Walpole; the friendship of men was necessary to her; it was what survived of her love-making days. Anyone would rejoice to be the friend of an old lady who would write such charming letters. I am not so sure, however, that friendship is possible between two young people of opposite sex. One knows perfectly what will be said—cannot two people become friends without the tie being broken or spoiled or changed by the intervention of that other passion? Well, you see, it is always present as a possibility; as a disturbing element. In some colleges in America the young men and the girls sit on the same benches, and pass the same examinations in the same subjects as open and daily rivals and fellow students. In this way, as I am credibly informed, they succeed in destroying that possibility, because it is impossible to fall in love with a girl who beats you at your favourite study, or is contemptibly stupid at it, or who is dangerously near you as a rival. But they have not succeeded, so far as I have been able to learn, in creating a new atmosphere of friendship or of Platonic love. There are, again, so many obstacles interposed by society, by convention, even by Nature, to this kind of friendship. Young men who are friends can go about together as much as they please. The young man and the young woman who want to be friends cannot; they must not be seen too much together; they must not travel together; they must not sit apart and together; they must always be studying appearances; they cannot enjoy perfect freedom of conversation, because there are many subjects quite proper for either alone that are tacitly forbidden between the two. Then they have been, as a rule, educated on entirely different principles. Moreover, friends must look at things from the same point of view. Men and women look at everything from different points of view. A young man shall find, if you like, in a woman much older than himself, a charming, kind, and sympathetic friend, helpful with advice, unselfish; it is the very best kind of friend that a young man can find; the fortune of a young man—if he is a worthy young man—is made if he finds such a friend; or an old man may find a woman much younger than himself to keep alive in him the waning fire of courage and self reliance, so that such an old man shall use his intellectual strength to the very end; but that a young man should find any young woman who would become to him an equal comrade, as another man might be, entering into his views, and requiring him also to enter into her own views on equal terms—which is a really important part of the bargain—that kind of equal alliance and friendship I do not ever expect to find between the youth and the maiden.

NOTES FROM THE PERSIAN GULF.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

THE months of the intense heat and sleepless nights in the Persian Gulf have just passed by, and now we are again beginning to feel a little more comfortable. The various ports have abundance of cargo ready for shipment by the B. I. and S. and P. boats, the only two lines of steamers that have established agencies in the Gulf, although, a few straggling London tramps, after unloading their cargo of coals, occasionally find their way to Bussorah and ready to grasp at almost any freight offering for Home. In Bahrein the pearl industry is in full swing, but next month it will gradually drop off, and all the fishermen will return to their homes, and find some other means of livelihood until next June, when the pearl fishing season commences again. The packing of dates, and the export of the Arab horses, now occupying the time of all the people on the Euphrates, shoals of buggalows are met with all over the Gulf, bound for Bussorah and other date ports, and it is surprising where they all come from, and yet more surprising how the buggalows navigate the Arabian Seas without any lights whatever at night, as not more than 10 per cent. of these small craft ever exhibit lights when in the track or vicinity of steamers. As the dates are earlier and more plentiful this year and thousands of horses awaiting shipment, the Turkish custom-house and authorities will no doubt reap a splendid harvest, but yet these gentlemen as a rule only do things by halves, as suspicion is undoubtedly their strong point, and that ignorance of the most marketable commodities prevail amongst these men. We hear of a phonograph seized as a suspicious instrument, of excellent malt vinegar condemned as unfit for human use, of chlorate of potash intended for hospital use, confiscated en route as an explosive, and soon the Turks will have nothing to do with the patent medicines in accordance with the terms of a treaty which the unknown is contraband. Another medical missionary relates that whilst at Galata, he heard that the Bible depot issued a Turkish translation of St. Paul's Epistle to the Galatians. The Turkish authorities got hold of a copy and thought the Galatians were the people of Galata and consequently imprisoned the colporteur. When the matter was explained to them they said they would only grant the man's release on St. Paul's death-certificate being produced. We are not told whether the certificate was produced or not, but the colporteur was released. They thought the Epistle would make the people dissatisfied with their lot. Now on Sundays the European community of Bussorah have something to occupy their minds instead of lolling about under punkahs all day as of yore. The Rev. S. M. Zeemer and his brother (two American missionaries) have built a pretty little church on the left bank of the Bussorah creek, where divine service is held every Sunday evening to an average congregation of about twelve persons. The strain of the harmonium invariably gather a gaping crowd of Turks and Arabs outside the place of worship, who look upon the instrument as some smuggled article of "suspicious" furniture. These two fearless energetic missionary brothers have already travelled from Muscat to Bahrein, calling at every port of any note, and distributing tracts printed in various local languages, and have already established a Bible and tract depot at Bahrein; but lately owing to the cholera at that port the Sheik had ordered all business shops and bazaars to be closed until the epidemic had disappeared, therefore the missionaries had to seek pastures new. However the cholera has now disappeared and the tract shop is again opened and prospering, slow but sure, and the frightened inhabitants are coming out of their huts again all smiling, business going on as usual and a clean bill of health granted to all vessels leaving that port. In Muscat very little sickness prevails, the people of this little port have been lately

THE MAHOMEDAN PROPAGANDA IN AMERICA.

We transfer the following article *verbatim et literatim*, from the New York *Sunday Mercury*, of Aug. 13:—

HAREM LIFE AS IT RAELLY IS.

Mme. Parker, the Oriental Writer, Talks to a Mercury Reporter.

EA TERN WOMEN HAVE A HAPPY LOT

Ignorant Reports of Female Slavery Exploded by the True Facts.

Ladies of Algiers and India—Scene in a Culcutta Household—A Contrast with Suffering Christian Wives and Mothers-in-Law—The Child Marriage Subject—Divorce without Disgrace—Virtues of the Hindoo Wife—Stories of Cruelty are All Lies—Pity for the Women of Civilization.

Islam is massing strong forces in this city preparatory to an active compaign this Winter in spreading the doctrines of the Arabian prophet, Mohammed, throughout this country. The latest arrival is Mme. Sarah Parker, the well-known Orientalist writer and lecturer, who is stopping at the Hotel Richelieu, on Clinton place, near Broadway. Mrs. Parker has spent many years of her life in Algiers and other countries where the Mussulmans predominate and was an intimate personal friend of Mme. Blavatsky, the high priestess of Esoteric Theosophy. Mme. Parker, who is a tall, graceful lady of distinguished presence and said to be a very effective and an entertaining speaker, will appear in this and other cities in a course of lectures on the Mohammedan life in its domestic and harem relations. To a representative of the Sunday Mercury she gave a most interesting account of her experience in Mohammedan lands and her contrasts of the life of the women there with that of the

WOMEN OF CHRISTIAN COUNTRIES.

"To hear some of our good, enlightened Christian people talk of the Arab," she said, "one would think he was an ignorant and unkempt tram. Now, the Arab was one of the conservers of learning when most Europeans were barbarians running wild. Again, when all Christendom was in intellectual darkness, arts, science and letters flourished in the Arabian schools. Their civivilization is superior to ours. It is true refinement, while ours is largely composed of corsets, catechisms and rum barrels, with a preempted right to all heavenly pastures."

"The true position of the women there seems to be the least understood and is most interesting to the sex here," the reporter suggested.

"WOMAN'S POSITION,"

replied Mme. Parker, "under Oriental rule is, I know, one of the stock subjects for Christians to talk about: and there has been lots of display of ignorant impudence in sending out missionaries to ameliorate the condition of these slaves. These people can know nothing, for they never get the opportunity to know the real truth regarding harem life. The minister never gets inside the doors and the minister's wife, if she gets in, is regarded as a religious enemy, and though politely received, she never becomes intimate with the inner family life. Neither she nor her husband speaks the native language and their dress and manner afford far more amusement to the natives than their preaching creates interest.

"Take Algiers; all the native women are as free to walk the streets and ride in the publice conveyances as are Europeans or Americans. No native lady, however, ever goes out at night and never alone. The gentlemen who follow the supposed Arab lady at night all tell the same story. When she unveils and speaks it is not in Arabic. I do not mean that there are no fast women who are natives, but they are all in houses, from 'La Belle Fatima' to a lower class, but the inmates are composed of the dancing girls and the houses are frequented chiefly, if not altogether, by Europeans.

'LA BELLE FATIMA'

receives only during the day and ladies as well as gentlemen callers pay her gorgeous attendant ten francs for a cup of coffee and a chat. She is the queen of the public dance called 'La Dance du Ventre.' No native chief or chieftess is ever to be seen at the theatre when 'La Dance du Ventre' is on the boards. It is patronized exclusively by the products of our civilization.

IN INDIA THE HAREM LADIES

have not so much freedom as in Algiers. They go to their native theatres in carriages curtained from the vulgar gaze and their boxes there are a fac-simile of the ladies' galleries in the London House of Commons, with a perforated screen, enabling the inmates to see out, but no outsider to see more than just the woman's form and the glint of bright eyes, diamonds and rubies. Through influential natives I had the most cordial reception in the harems of Calcutta. I went to the country with the usual ignorant prejudice against 'heathenism,' and fully imbued with the terrible position of women in the 'Zonanas' which the ordinary traveler recounts, but I abandoned my ignorance for the truth. The Zonana ladies are perfectly happy and contented, the rule being one or two wives. The old idea of the lord of the harem being steeped in sensuality by the numerous sirens he housed was suddenly swept away. In the first palace which received me there are separate apartments and suites of domestics. Salaaming serviles, the white haired old grandmother and the numerous grandchildren were playing in the corridors which surrounded the grand hall, open to the sky, and where tropical trees, flowers, etc., were played on by innumerable fountains. And here all the forlorn and destitute kindred of the chief are kept luxuriously to the thirty-first cousin. This is Mohammedan law. Alas, for the mothers-in-law and the poor relations of our so-called civilization! So it is that under Mohammedan law there is no prostitution (female), because the financial necessity exists not. All the physical wants or women are provided for.

A GREAT CRY HAS BEEN MADE

about marrying children in India. This subject is not understood in Europe or America and the missionary, if he knows, does not tell the real meaning of it because, no doubt, if he did so he would be cutting away one of the chief excuses for his own existence. Parents in India, Mohammedan chiefs and others, recognize love to be as needful as food and as climate and habit produce early puberty, these 'heathens' are not ashamed to look nature in the face, recognise her laws, and in obedience to them look out for suitable partners for their sons and daughters in what, in this country, would be childhood. As for the plurality of wives they are all legal, have home, food, love and the man's name, care and protection."

"What are the marriage laws there?"

"IN THESE SO-CALLED HEATHEN LANDS

men buy their wives; under Christian civilization women purchase their husbands. The 'dot' is becoming as much a necessity in England as in France, and the habit is spreading in America. If divorce be invoked, the heathen husband loses the money he paid. Protection to woman is a recognized principle that underlies all law among the Moslem. The money which the husband pays is the wifes sole benefit, to do with it as she wills. If a husband divorces her she has the money to live on. The relatives of husbands and wives among these people is much more refined and gentle than among Christians. In the Eastern harems if a wife or wives desire privacy, they have only to place their shoes outside the curtain which forms a door, and not a 'heathen' or 'savage' husband would dare to enter. Divorces in England and other Christian lands fill the papers with their revolting details. The Arab wife in such a case has only to

TURN HER SLIPPERS UPSIDE DOWN

at the court door. There are no revolting details brought out in open court and spread over the lands in newspapers. Their law of divorces is as simple as that of their marriages, and the divorced woman is not socially killed as in Christian civilization. In both Algiers and India I knew a number of European women who had married Mohammedan men, some rich, some professors in colleges and they were all happy.

"I have sat beside low class Arab men by the blue waters of the Mediterranean while they cut out clothes and sewed them for the family. Our women do all that,' said: 'Well,' replied these heathens, 'we think that when a woman has the pain of childbirth and nursing it is our duty to give her all the trouble we can afterwards. But then these poor savage heathens know nothing of Christian civilization. How many low class Christian men would be so thoughtful, would try to take the household burden from the shoulders of their wives? No, when your low class man returns home and does not find everything to suit him he pours out abuse on the poor wife and perhaps beats and kicks her.

ASTOUNDING PLURALITY OF WIVES

is lawful, yet women have so much influence over men there that more than one wife is an exception. The Hindoo lady devotes her own home; the wholesale and magnificent scale and the numbers of her feudatory families go upon her, forgiving, not seldom, overflowing with hospitality. They are consulted on all matters of business, politics and social questions, and they own their own property and manage it as pleases them during life and dispose of it as they wish at death. Their movements are free, going about veiled. When they visit their dead at the cemeteries they form a picturesque crowd every Friday (which is their Sunday) and it would be hard to think these women were unhappy.

LADY DUFFERIN HAS TOLD

how when in India she visited the harems and found happiness and deep domestic love there, and she would be sorry to see their privacy invaded or their harmony interfered with. This would be the verdict of every unprejudiced visitor. I myself was cordially received in the greatest and loveliest harems, dined there enfamille many a time. I was confided in and made a sympathetic home friend.

"A great Mahrajah and his Italian wife in Calcutta were announced in the daily papers as patrons of my Mesmeric Incitate there. Their equipage and attendants were seen daily at my gates and the Maharajah was my only bad sitter, but came on the platform and cried on my subjects. Through this family I know many things and I can safely assure you that all the stories of the abject condition of India's women and

THEIR CRUEL TREATMENT ARE LIES.

The Italian wife of this Prince told me story after story of the peaceful and loving contentment that filled her household and although there was a native wife to the same Prince with her, she had no jealousy, for 'I tell you,' she said, 'it is their religion and habit and they are true to them.' And clothing, marriage, concerts and drunkenness are all as much of 'Sodom' as these. Speaking farther of the native wife, the Italian said: 'Since my last child was born I have been ill and could only be my husband's companion intellectually, but our love and friendship is so true that I could never dream of depriving him of his other wife. She and I are friends, seldom crossing each other, having separate suits of attendants and rooms, separate tasks and occupations; she surrounded by one set of relatives, I have others to think of.'"

THEY PITY US

"Do these women desire freedom, as we understand it?"

"No," replied Mme. Parker. "They pity us. Walking about the gardens and grounds one day with the chiefs who had attended on me while I lunched and had coffee in the different ladies' saloons, I looked up and saw bright female eyes looking out on us. 'Are these ladies not cruious of me to be free and walk about with their male friends and relatives, and enjoying the intellectual treat of your conversation?' 'So far from that,' one of the husbands said, 'they pity you greatly and have just proposed in their own language in your very presences, that we should take you into the palace and prevent the awful (to them) need of your earning a living. They said if you came they would make you happy.

"THE WORST OF THE LOW-CAST ARABS."

Mme. Parker continued, "are much better off than are those of laborers under Christian civilization. In short, as respects women, the Mohammedan laws are the wisest in the world and the only laws that will ever mitigate, if not totally stop, prostitution, because they remove the necessity and the temptation."

MR. HURLBERT'S EXPLANATION.

MR. HURLBERT writes a long letter to the *Standard* in which he explains his position with regard to Miss Gladys Evelyn and her allegations concerning him. Our contemporary in a foot note states it has omitted portions consisting of criticisms upon the alleged action of the Lord Chief Justice. Appended is the text of the letter:—

Sir,—I find it stated in more than one English newspaper that Mr. Hurlbert, the author of "Ireland under Coercion," has published a new book, entitled "England Under Coercion," in which, "dealing with his own case, he goes rather hotly for Lord Coleridge." I shall be much obliged to you if you will allow me to say through your columns that I have not published any new book at all. I have, however, caused to be privately printed, at my own expense, in Italy, a volume addressed in the form of an "open letter" to the present Lord Chief Justice of England. The first copy of this volume I sent duly registered through the Post-office from Florence on June 24, 1893, to Lord Coleridge, at his residence in Sussex-square, London, notifying him in the body of the volume itself that I should send copies of it to such persons as I deemed likely to concern themselves with his conduct, not merely in regard to matters gravely important to me, but in regard to other and more widely important questions affecting the administration of justice in Great Britain and the reputation of the English Judiciary.

In this volume I have dealt not primarily, at all with my own "case," but with the extraordinary treatment and manipulation to which that "case," with the very simple issue involved in it, has been subjected by persons holding high and responsible positions in the administration of British justice, and especially by Lord Coleridge himself, ever since I confronted and defeated, not before Lord Coleridge at all, but before Mr. Justice Cave, by the verdict of a British jury, the suit at law brought against me in April, 1891, for a breach of promise of marriage, by a woman who did not produce one shred of legal evidence to show that she had ever even seen me. Whatever I have had to say in this volume concerning my case and concerning myself, has been imposed upon me by the extraordinary references to the case and to myself which Lord Coleridge, speaking, of course, not as a Lord Chief Justice of England, in which capacity he had absolutely nothing whatever to do with the case, or with me, but as a Peer of Parliament, thought fit to make in a speech delivered by him in the House of Lords on the 20th of June, 1892.

My attention was first called to this speech by an article, commenting upon it, which appeared in *The Standard* on the 21st of June, 1892. That article I read in Italy with equal interest and amazement. The facts stated in it illuminated for me, as with a sudden burst of sunlight, the previously profound mystery of certain proceedings taken against me by a functionary of recent creation in my own country, called the Public Prosecutor, during my temporary absence from London in America, late in the Autumn of 1891, seven months after a verdict carrying costs had been given to me, by a British jury, in the suit already referred to, and five months after that verdict had been unanimously reaffirmed on appeal, during my absence in America, by a bench of British Judges. Procuring an official copy of this speech of Lord Coleridge, I have collated patiently every statement, inuendo, and implication made in it, with the information given me by an official copy of a private correspondence which went on, during the Summer and Autumn of 1891, between the Public Prosecutor of England and a subordinate of Lord Coleridge, writing under direct instructions from Lord Coleridge himself. This private correspondence would have remained private and beyond the reach of inquiry and investigation certainly by me, had it not been forced into publicity by an order of the House of Commons, on a Motion made by Mr. Henry Labouchere, M.P., early in April, 1892.

The volume now privately printed for me embodies the results of the careful study which I have made of Lord Coleridge's speech, and of this originally private and confidential, but now public, correspondence between himself, through his subordinate, and the Public Prosecutor of England. I have now and then had occasion to mention facts brought to my knowledge through other and independent inquiries conducted for me, between November, 1891, and the beginning of 1893, by American counsel of eminence, named in the volume; but I have been guided to all my conclusions, and confirmed in them all, by the statements of Lord Coleridge himself, and by the unimpeachable documents cited and referred to in the volume.

With this lettr, I now take the liberty of sending you a copy of the volume itself. I am so much indebted to *The Standard* for the assistance, unintentionally no doubt, but most effectually given once by the article of June 21, 1892, in my long and laborious inquiry into "a mystery of iniquity," pregnant with wrong and ruin to me and to my home, and the facts set forth in this volume of mine are of such serious importance to the interests of law and of social order in England that I should have thought it proper to trouble you with a copy of it as soon as it was printed had I not called upon Lord Coleridge in it to give me an immediate answer to three plain and specific questions, which touch the core of his attitude towards me, not as Lord Chief Justice, nor yet as a Peer of Parliament, but as a man of honour, of courage, and of good faith. I left him free to choose his own way and place of answering these questions, but not to choose his own time. They are simple questions, which a man of candour and of courage should have been able to answer as soon as they were asked, and which I think no man of candour and of courage could hesitate to answer; Lord Coleridge on the 20th of June, 1892, deliberatey informed the House of Lords that I, of whom he professed, and truly, to "know nothing" whatever, had been described by an "illustrious American," in terms distinctly libellous as "a man of fathomless and measureless turpitude." In my "open letter," sent to him June 24, 1893, I asked him (p. 11) to give me without delay the name of this alleged "illustrious American." Had I, or had I not, a right to demand this of him? In his speech of June 20, 1892, Lord Coleridge, before whom the civil case of "Evelyn v. Hurlbert" had never been heard, and who certainly had no official or judicial connection with that case, informed the House of Lords that in May, 1891, "his attention had been called to this case," with which he had nothing to do whatever, and that there was "no bad feeling" in the action against me. I asked him in my "open letter," registered from Florence to his house in London June 24, 1893, to inform me without delay by whom, and on what pretext, his "attention" had, in May, 1891, "been called" to this civil case, which did not at all concern him and which did very gravely concern me. Had I, or had I not, a right to ask this of him? Six weeks have now passed with no reply, or intimation of a reply, from Lord Coleridge to these questions. Is there any reason why I should not put these questiats to him afresh, through an independent and influential English journal, as I have already put them to him through the pages of my privately-printed volume, in the presence of every person to whom I have addressd —as I plainly told him I should address—a copy of this volume? To this "open letter of mine, necessarily developed by the number and nature of his references to me, into the proportions of a volume, I have given the title of "England Under Coercion."

In the month of April, 1891, I went before an English tribunal to meet a suit for an alleged branch of promise of marriage, this suit being the outcome of a series of letters sent at intervals, during a period of more than a year previously, to my house in London. After a strangely protracted hearing of seven days, a verdict carrying costs was given in my favour by the jury. All the documents in the case were thereupon instantly impounded at the request of my leading counsel, and I set about a systematic preparation of further proceedings. Did it, or did it not, concern the interests of public justice and of social order in England that I should so prosecute and so bring to justice these persons? In May, 1891, I went with my wife to America, there to perfect, amongst other matters of private business, certain arrangements necessary to the success of my further proceedings against all the persons connected with the suit I had met and defeated in April. I remained with my wife in America during the summer of 1891, consulting while there American counsel of eminence, and awaiting the receip from England of copies and digests, o dered by me before my departure, of certain of the documents impounded in my behalf, and necessary to a thorough preparation of the proceedings I had in view. None of these copies and digests ever reacked me in America, or have ever since reached me, thanks, as now appears, to the direct action of Lord Coleridge, and late in September, 1891, a solicitor in London to whom I had written concerning their non-arrival informed me, to my surprise and to the surprise of my American counsel that all access to the impounded documents was refused by the Judges who had control of them. My leading counsel in England, at the sametime, however, informed me that, on application to any one of the Judges of the Royal Courts, access undoubtedly would be obtained. Thinking it, as my American counsel thought it, inconceivable that legitimate access to such documents, in such circumstances should really be refused to the party at whose instance such documents had been impounded, I went on with my preparations. At the end of November, 1891, when I was on the point of leaving New York with my wife for Europe, one of my American counsel suddenly learned from London, and from an authentic source, that a warrant for my arrest on a charge of perjury, preferred by the Public Prosecutor of England on the oath of the plaintiff in the suit already mentioned, had been issued by a London Magistrate, and that on the strength of this warran, within three days after it was issued in London, a warrant had been applied for by cable in New York for my arrest in that city, on this charge so preferred in London, and for my extradition to England. No hint or suggestion of such proceedings as these had reached me through this Public Prosecutor, or through any official channel. The circumstances connected with my sojourn in America, and with the advice I was there taking, were perfectly well known to persons of the highest position in the administration of the English law; and if the Public Prosecutor was in ignorance of those circumstances in November, 1891, it may not be easy to find any other explanation of this ignorance than the attitude on his part towards this case, and towards me, avowed by himself in the amazing confession (*vide* p. 386,) "England Under Coercion") that on November 25, 1891, he actually went in company with the plaintiff in the suit brought against me, before a British Magistrate, to support a charge of perjury made by this plaintiff against me, being himself at that time, as he admits, in absolute ignorance of the documents impounded in this case at the request of my leading counsel, and therefore, of course, absolutely unable to form any honest opinion as to the truth or falsehood of the very grave charge of which he thus assumed the responsibility.

Was it possible for me or for any man familiar with the honorable traditions of English justice, to imagine in November, 1891, conduct such as this towards one of two parties in a civil case, on the part of a person commissioned nominally to promote the interests of public justice at the expense of the taxpayers of England? When on the eve of my return with my wife to Europe, my counsel in America, as I have already said, suddenly learned that a demand for my extradition to England to be there tried on a charge of perjury, had been cabled across the Atlantic, within three days after a warrant had been procured in London charging me with this offence, it became their duty and mine to consider what justice to myself and to my wife required of me. I am not a British subject but an America citizen; and it is an elementary principle of the practice of International extradition (which as you know, has no foundation in positive law) that its privileges can only be asked by one State and conceded by another, when the request and the concession involve no sacrifice of the principles of civilised justice, and no peril to the muniments of personal right in either State. This has never been more clearly stated than by an eminent English authority, the late Sir George Cornewall Lewis (vide "England Under Coercion," p. 437). I was perfectly willing to confront the warrant of extradition in New York, and there compel the thorough disclosure, before an American Court, of the conditions under which this extraordinary warrant had been obtained, and of the alleged evidence on which a charge of perjury had been made against me in London, seven months after I had defeated a false and fraudulent suit at law. But I was peremptorily advised by my American counsel not to do this, on the ground that under an amendment of the Convention of Extradition between the United States and Great Britain, promoted in 1889-90, by Mr. Blaine, as Secretary of State, all examination in America of the evidence in any case would be refused, so that if a warrant of extradition were served on an American in New York, charging him, for example, with committing a murder in London on the 1st of June, 1891, he would be surrendered on that warrant for trial in England without examination, even if five unimpeachable witnesses came forward prepared to swear that on the 1st of June, 1891, he was present with them in San Francisco! I was also advised, as positively and emphatically, by my American counsel not to surrender myself, without extradition, for trial in England on this tardily and yet suddenly developed charge of perjury, for the good and sufficient reason, that under the existing law of England, as expounded and denounced in the House of Lords by Lord Halsbury, the late Conservative Lord Chancellor, and by Lord Herschell, the actual Lord Chancellor of England, no man can be tried on that charge in England under conditions compatible with the elementary principles of justice, as recognised by civilised nations. If any of your readers arestartled by this statement, it will be well for them, as honourable and right-minded Englishmen to read an exposition of this subject made by the two eminent authorities I have just named, in the House of Lords on February 18, 1892. They will then learn, probably with surprise, and I am sure with indignation that were I to confront, in an English court, this charge of perjury, I should be absolutely precluded, under your English law, from giving one word of evidence in my own defence against a charge sought to be established out of my own mouth, and that while the evidence against me of the plaintiff in the suit would be received the evidence of my wife in corroboration of my innocence would be entirely excluded. Would any Englishman in his right mind submit himself to such a trial under such conditions? And is it consistent with the principles on which alone International extradition can be asked or allowed between civilised nations, that a Public Prosecutor of England should be permitted, with impunity, to set the machinery of extradition in motion against an American citizen in his own country, in support of a charge which the Public Prosecutor perfectly well knew must be tried, if tried at all, under such atrocious conditions? That an America n citizen domiciled in London, against whom no British subject has ever had or can show any legitimate cause of offence, should, seven months after a victorious verdict gives him by a British jury, five months after the affirmation of that verdict by a bench of British Judges, be subjected by a British public servant, at the instance of the party discredited by that ver dict, to such wrong and to such peril, is a matter—is it not?—which deeply as it concerns me, not less deeply concerns every honourable and right-minded man and woman in Great Britain.

MISS CLADYS EVELYN'S REPLY.

In the *New York World*, Miss Gladys Evelyn makes reply to the article entitled "Hurlbert's Defence." What the "monstrous and inexpiable wrong" is which Lord Chief Justice Coleridge perpetrated against Hurlbert, both as a private individual and as an American citizen, I am at a loss (writes Miss Evelyn), as other unprejudiced persons would be, to know. I can only presume he means that Lord Coleridge acted (as a judge should) with strict fairness towards both parties. On the one hand the plaintiff, a woman rendered well-nigh helpless by lack of means and friends; on the other hand the defendant Hurlbert, a man with large resources at his command and many influential friends; a man who had made himself useful to the Government then in power (and consequently protected as much as possible by the Government); a man whose leading counsel was the chief law officer of the Crown. Were not all the advantagess on his side?

The law in England is, and I think righly so, very severe in its investigations in breach of promise cases—that is, it demands ample and overwhelming proof that there was a promise, and that the promise was broken. However much the judge and jury may feel convinced in their own minds that the plaintiff's story is true, unless she be able to produce strong and sufficient corroboration, the benefit of the doubt, however slight, is given to the man. There was corroboration of my story, but unfortunately for me, it was not as conclusive as the Court demands.

My appeal came on for hearing two months after the trial, and after occupying the Court for four days was at length refused. I, unlike the valiant Hurlbert, stood my ground, and was present throughout the hearing. It was obvious to me, as it must have been to many others that two out of three judges were in favour of granting a new trial, indeed Justice Kay remarked that he should think Hurlbert would be the first to desire a new trial, if he were an innocent man. But the Master of the Rolls overruled the others.

Had he wished to bring me to justice as he professes (and I know, had he dared, he would have done so with malignant ferocity), he has had countless opportunities. I have never left England since the trial, and my address has been known to the Treasury and all whom it might concern. A month after the dismissal of my appeal (it was only want of money which prevented my further appealing in the House of Lords) I delivered a lecture on the case to which the Press was invited, and the public freely admitted. Shorthand writers from Hurlbert's solicitors were present, and every word I uttered was doubtless reported to him. That, indeed, should have been Hurlbert's opportunity to bring an action for criminal libel against his "defamer." Subsequently I delivered a lecture in various parts of the country, and always met with sympathetic audiences. Hurlbert, the man so conscious of his innocence, had deemed it wiser to leave the country.

How absurd of him to pretend that he could not prosecute me because copies of the impounded documents were refused for inspection in America! What had America to do with it? A crime committed in England can naturally only be judged and punished in England. And thus it is all over the world.

His statements regarding the procedure in English law courts are utterly false. A prisoner charged with perjury or any other crime, far from being "muzzled, bound hand and foot, delivered speechless and helpless into his enemy's hands," may, if he choose, conduct his own defence in person; but, if he fears lest his eloquence or his presence of mind should fail him in the ordeal, he has perfect freedom to engage counsel to fight his battle and defend him, and probably far more effectively than he would do it himself. In fact no man, be his crime ever so foul, would be allowed to stand his trial "gagged and manacled," for if poverty, which is not Hurlbert's plea, stood in his way of employing counsel, the Treasury would provide him with competent legal aid.

A propos of the effect of exposure to sunshine in destroying microbes, Mrs. Percy Frankland, in "Longman's," notes the interesting fact that exact experiments conducted in the Lake of Geneva to ascertain by means of photographic plates the depth to which the sun's rays penetrate, showed that they did not reach beyond 553 feet, at which depth the intensity of the light is equal to that which is ordinarily observed on a clear but moonless night.

"WANTED by the Police" is a phrase that seems to convey some curious meaning to the mind of Henry Williamson, a general dealer, who was charged before Mr. Hopkins, at Lambeth, on Saturday, with being drunk and disorderly and assaulting two constables. By way of explaining his position and accounting for the interest taken in him by members of the force, Williamson said, "I am going to America, and I suppose they must have got the tip, and wanted to stop me." Why the police should be so desirous of keeping in this country a person who was described as having already undergone several terms of imprisonment, and suffered twenty-five cuts of the lash for highway robbery, did not appear in evidence. Williamson, however, is evidently under the impression that there is an organized conspiracy to prevent him from transferring his estimable society to another State. He thinks the police of London want him all to themselves, and naturally resents their methods of appropriation. When told that he must suffer durance vile to the accompaniment of hard labour for three months by way of expiating the offence with which he was particularly charged, the prisoner said, "I thought as much; I will write to the Home Secretary about that." Evidently he thought Mr. Hopkins also had entered into the conspiracy against him. Should that letter ever reach the Home Office Mr. Asquith will probably be much interested in studying the strange process by which a person of Williamson's antecedents has made himself so indispensable to the police and magistrates that they cannot bear the idea of parting with him.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

SEASIDE WORRIES.

The seaside trip, writes a Lady correspondent to a home paper, has its worries, and for those who make their appearance their first care, the complexion is not the least of them. So we find all the journals devoted to women's fashions and fancies giving a great deal of time and attention to such questions as "How to keep from getting sunburnt," "Our seaside complexions," &c., with many columns of practicable or impracticable advice as to the best methods of keeping fair and beautiful in spite of sun, wind, or water. There is no doubt that a great deal can be done to keep our faces from assuming the appearance of a parboiled liver during our seaside trip. A quarter of an hour's attention before retiring to rest will do much towards repairing the ravages of the day. A good wash and some harmless lotion gently, yet well, rubbed in is as much as is needed; there are hundreds of creams and complexion washes. I would venture to say that there are more quacks making a fortune out of woman's vanity than of anything else; but the recent exposure in Dublin makes one think how many of them are harmless, how many of them serve as a foundation for the recommendation of a new nostrum specially prepared by the disinterested adviser who sent the last. I cannot understand how anyone can be so foolish as to use an application for the face without knowing precisely of what it is composed, and whether the ingredients are harmful or not. But I fear it is very little use preaching to my sex against the use of cosmetics. The history of woman from the beginning leaves very little hope but that she will go on giving 10s. 6d. for a halfpenny-worth of poison to the end.

SEASIDE DRESS.

That summer trip to the seaside, up to this, is real to poor me only so far as the exhibition of my friends arrangements for comfort and dress bring before me the swarming pier, the lazy sands, and restless, shimmering sea. Even the thought has a mesmeric influence! I seem to feel the delightful halter-alter of the promenaders on the beach, so different from the rush and push that characterised them all the year round, taking possession of me and making me hate the thought of going into the details of such practical objects as tailor-built costumes and the latest thing in hats. As a stepping stone to such descriptions I shall describe a garment a friend of mine drew from the recesses of a large travelling trunk on the occasion of my visit pour prendre congé. It was composed of soft white flannel, with a short kilted skirt having an embroidery of golden-coloured silk braid. The jacket of a loose sailor fashion, cut low at the neck, had a deep collar embroidered with the yellow braid, fastening with a large sailor-knot of yellow satin; short puffed sleeves, confined with a band of embroidery, finished this picturesque part of the costume. But now comes the principal feature, a pair of every wide trousers, caught some inches above the ankles with bunches of ribbon. My exclamation on the sight of the latter extraordinary garment elicited the information that the whole array made the very latestt hing in bathing costumes The hair was to be curled and rolled up carelessly, the whole effect to be completed by a coquettish white and gold cap, and white felt slippers. I can quite imagine the charming picture the pretty girl before me would present in her Turkish bathing gown, tripping daintily on the soft sand until lost in the waves, appearing now and then on the surface like a gold and white nautilus. But I preferred to let my imagination rest there. I did not like to follow the picture any further. I shrank from contemplating, even in fancy, the fuzzy hair, the coquettish cap, the gold embroidery, and the knots of ribbon after they emerged from their watery surroundings.

SWIMMING BATHS WANTED.

This talking of "watery surroundings" brings to my mind a very serious woman's grievance which shows how far we are still from that equality with men so much talked about. Not a district but has its public swimming baths for men, either free or at a very small charge, while girls are almost totally unprovided for in this respect. There is no more healthy or more delightful exercise than swimming, and surely we have only to take up a daily paper and look over the list of deaths by drowning to find an argument as to its absolute necessity—deaths occurring from getting out one foot too much while bathing, or from a boat overturning on a tranquil river within a few yards of the shore. Yet there is not a single place in London where a girl could learn to swim without it being a severe tax on her pocket, and it is not only that, but even by paying for the use of a bath she can only have it at the most inconvenient hours—i.e., when it would not interfere with the gentlemen's inclination for a little aquatic exercise. I think it such a shame that those who want such things most are debarred from the use of them, both by the cost and time. What a healthful recreation it would be to a poor girl, jaded and worn from standing behind a counter all day, to go with her companions to have a good splashing and dashing about in a public bath. What a pleasure would be added to her little occasional trip to Margate or Brighton if she were able to swim about in the beautiful sea, instead of being almost afraid to wet her ankles! The *world could so easily be made a little pleasanter if each individual thought of making some other individual happy. The girl with the white and gold boating dress wants a seaside trip much less than her worn-out sister, who could hardly afford a blue serge one; but a demoiselle can go and disport her latest combinations at half-a-dozen fashionable seasides if so minded, while "blue serge" must continue toiling and broiling at home, denied even the luxury of hard-water swimming bath. The thought makes me postpone "tailor-made costumes and the latest in hats" to next week.

FURS FOR NEXT WINTER.

The recent award of the Behring Sea Arbitrators must naturally have caused many to consider its immediate, as well as its prospective, effect upon the price of seal skins. Opinion in the trade is not, says the 'Drapers' Record' altogether unanimous, but the most reliable forecast that can be gathered is, that the award oft e arbitrators will probably result in an increased supply of seals eventually, though at a date too far off to affect the coming winter's fur trade. There is still a question whether, in the interest of the seal tribe, and in order to prevent their total extinction, the close time now provided may not have to be slightly extended or the catch regulated, but the net result at present is that the restriction imposed of late will now be removed, and the supply of seals brought back to something like the standard that existed until the last two or three years. Local sealing opinion, however, scarcely concurs in this view. However, the main point is that the fur trade of the coming winter will not be affected.

LADIES' CYCLING COSTUMES.

The new union which has been formed for the promotion of healthy and artistic dress has turned its attention to ladies' costumes for cycling. In the society's journal "Aglars," a writer says:—In the matter of skirts, a novice in the art of cycling fluctuates between two extremes. She is told by one adviser that the skirt should be very light and very full to allow free movement of the legs. This she tries, with the inevitable result, on a gusty day or when meeting the wind, that the skirt catches in unexpected and unguarded parts of the machine, and flies up in her face like a tethered balloon. She, therefore, adopts another friendly suggestion, and wears the skirt of her riding habit made of a cloth too heavy to be inflated by the wind, but by its very weight liable to catch in any part of the machine not entirely enclosed in a casing—for instance, in the band-brake, for which I have not yet seen a satisfactory safeguard. In despair she sighs for liberty, and comes to the very wise conclusion that simple knickerbockers, with no skirt, or at most a mere tunic, would be the ideal athletic costume, but alas!—only for an age when women shall have ceased to be ashamed of the limbs God has given them. But what via media can the lady cyclist devise for this present age, in which we still conform to somewhat inconsistent prejudices? The skirt, three or four inches off the ground can be made of material neither too heavy nor yet too flimsy, with three or five tucks each three-quarters of an inch in depth, to give a slight increase in substance just at the bottom. Unusual width in the skirt is a great mistake; from two and a half to three yards in width will be sufficient for all movements of the legs. The seams should be sloped, so that the skirt fits, in somewhat the same foshion as a shaped band over the hips; a little fulness should be allowed on each side, not on the hips, but a short distance from the hip-bones towards the back, and again a few plaits or folds in the centre of the back. This is by no means so simple a solution of the difficulty, but it reduces the resistance and danger of a skirt as much as is consistent with the nature of the garment.

FAIR PEDLARS.

The post of commercial traveller has acquired a new and sudden dignity. A system of Paddy Sellers in Roumania and throughout the East of Europe has been organised with regard to the procuring of wedding trousseaux and similar outfits. To meet the wants to which these occasions give rise, ladies journey thither from Paris indeed with the necessary wares from large houses in the French capital. They are generally well dressed and presentable women, who throughly understand their business. They proceed from town to town, exhausting each ere they pass to the next, calling at all the best houses, and endeavouring to get introductions from one to another. The system is usually to begin with small articles, of fine linen, which they sell cheap and of good quality; and, having established relations with their customers, they widen their field, and obtain more important orders for gowns, jewellery, &c., by which they make larger profits. As a rule, they succeed so well that, ere they leave, they have done enough business to secure large sums, and there is no doubt that many English ladies would, as soon as they were initiated, find this a pleasant and profitable career. The blandishments of the immortal Autolycus will vanish before the fascinating persuasiveness of these lady pedlars.

THE ANTIMACASSAR.

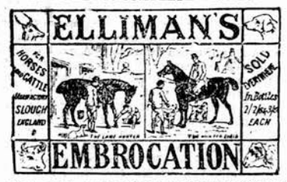
Miss Anna Louisa Macdona, of Brixton, who has taken out a patent for a new lastefor for antimacassar, must be a woman of sense, says the "St. James's Gazette." Why does she not go one step further, however, and try to abolish antimacassars altogether. A chair's mission in life is to be sat upon, and not to serve as an exhibition screen for fancy work. Indeed the passion for drapery is one that in hot weather seems especially absurd. In a drawing-room full of portieres and other curtains, lamp-shades, "chair-backs" and much beforbelowed cosy corners, there seems no room for fresh air at all. If you open the window to let it in, the antimacassars are upset, the curtains disarranged, and the lamp-shades blown over; and the owner of the drawing-room descends on you in incoherent wrath. Now that we have expanded our own draperies we should limit those of our furniture, or we shan't be able to move or breathe at all.

VICE VERSA.

At one time, says "Hearth and Home," it was considered the proper thing for American heiresses to wed English noblemen, but of late years the fashion would seem to have set in the direction of Italian princes. The announcement of the engagement of Miss Vanderbilt, daughter of the deceased New York celebrity, Commodore Vanderbilt, to Prince Seipio Borghese, eldest son of Prince Paolo Borghese, has created quite a ferment in American society. The prospective bridegroom is only in his 22nd year, but is well known in Roman society, where the Borghese family holds the fore-front of the old Roman nobility. It may be added that their wealth is not so paramount as their quarterings of nobility. Miss Vanderbilt, since the death of her father, has lived a good deal in Paris, and taken the lead in the doings of the American colony there. Her fortune is estimated at no one knows exactly how many millions. The match is stated to have been the work of a well-known Roman ecclesiastic, who holds diplomatic rank at the Vatican.

NOTICES.

NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT



FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING.
FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS.
FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES AND FOR STRANGLES.
FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA.
FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS.
FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS.
FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS.
FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
Belvoir Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.
SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful. RUTLAND,
Master of the Belvoir Hounds.

From Lord Haddington, Tyningham.
Prestonkirk, N. B.
December 27th, 1882.
SIR,—ELLIMAN'S Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds.
HADDINGTON,
Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

From the Earl of Harrington.
Jan. 9th, 1880.
SIR,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it the best that I can obtain.
HARRINGTON,
Master of the South Wilts Hounds.

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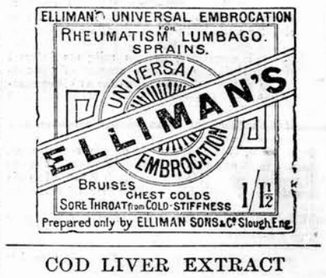

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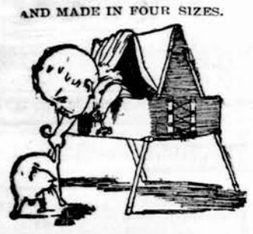

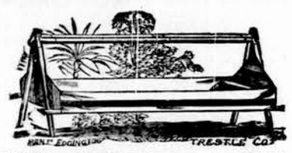

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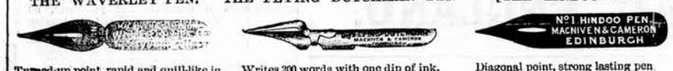

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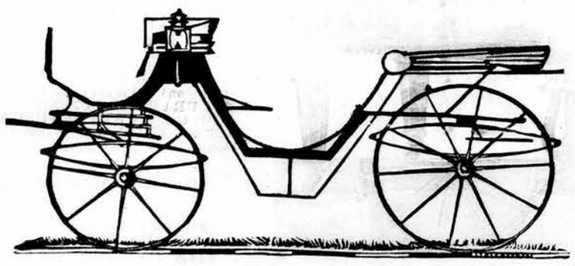

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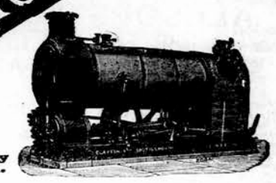

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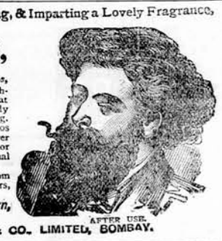

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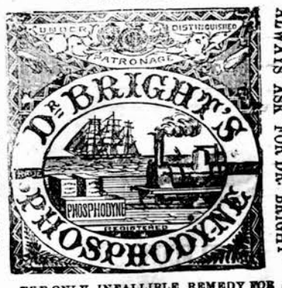

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